An independent Arab political daily published to the landen Press Foundation

جوردان تايمز يوس

المية تعليم الحليزية عن المؤسسة الصحفية الاردنية "الراي"

ame 6, Number 1679

## **NCC** urges Arabs: Unite in the face of Israelis' aggression

MAN, June 9 (Petra) - The onal Consultative Council C), in the wake of Sunday's epeated Israeli acts of aggis on that "leave no room for ation or indifference."

s on His Majesty King Huss recent trips to the Sovieton and the Gulf, as well as e Minister Mudar Badran's ment yesterday to the full and Foreign Minister Mar-Al Qasem's statement today.

e NCC's foreign affairs come. In response to these repthe NCC today declared: it fully supports King Hussem the Jordanian government; it calls on the leaders of the > Nation to take stock of eve-

## oblem is ernational. dran says



QA, June 9 (Petra) - Prime threat to peace. n against Iraq constitutes ainternational political devent in view of its political, ry and geographical rep-

Badran said Jordan str; denounces this act because agerness to protect the sovity of the Arab Nation, and se of its pan-Arab stand. "speech to the cabinet here!

Mr. Badran said that the v of the aggression hes in the nat Iraq is not one of the front-line states and that us Israeli acts of aggression estricted to those states. rdan was among the first countries to support Iraq's r the convening of an Arab n ministers' conference to s the dimensions and connces of the Israeli agefurther said that the Israel t to open a canal linking the erranean with the Dead Sex blatant. aggression against and a violation of the pri-· of international law." He that the Jordanian govnt will take necessary meato prevent its imp-

ation, "Jordan will also

t all establishments, com-

and bodies which would

pate in the project," he

nts and assess developments in the region with the purpose of determining the causes behind Isr-'ali attack on Iraq, today called aci's continuous attacks on the "Arah states to unite in the face - Arab Nation and its violations of its rights. The statement also calls on the Arabs to boost their solidarity in the face of these acts of te statement followed bris aggression since these acts leave no room for hesitation or indifference;

3. it calls on the Arab states to work relentlessly towards achieving unity, the only way of regaining their rights and restoring their dignity.

The statement also reiterated Jordan's total support for Iraq in its border war with Iran. It said Iraq is defending Arab rights and repelling dangers and threats against Arab territory and waters and also confronting Zionist-Iranian collusion, as manifested in Sunday's Istaeli raid.

In his appearance today before the NCC foreign affairs committee, discussed the outcome of King Hussein's two trips and also submitted a detailed briefing on the recent Arah foreign ministers' conference on Lebanon held in

Tunis. He answered committee members' questions on these subjects, as well as on Sunday's Israeli air raid and on Israel's intention to link the Mediterranean and the Dead Sea with a trans-Nagah

Mr. Qasem yesterday voiced Jordan's condemnation of the Israeli attack on Iraq. Israel's malice against the Arab Nation has proimpled it to launch this act of aggressioo on the Iraqi nuclear reactor, he said, and this is a clear demonstration to the Arab Natioo and the world at large that Israel will continue to constitute the real

he added, supports that Sunday's Israelt age. Irae's call for convening an emergency session of the Arah League council at foreign ministers' levelin Baghdad to discuss the raid. Jordan also calls on all Arab states to shoulder their responsibilities and stand up against dangers facing the Arab Nation, and hopes all Arab governments will respond favourably to this call, Mr. Qasem

> The foreign minister also called on world nations to condemn the Israeli air raid, which was aimed at undermining all efforts for achleving peace in the Middle East.

## Moroccan envoy to meet King

AMMAN, June 9 (Petra) - An adviser of King Hassan II of Morocco, Mr. Ahmad Rida Kadirah, arrived here this afternoon for an official one-day visit to Jordan.

Mr. Kadirah was to have an audience with His Majesty King Hussein and convey a message from King Hassan.

Mr. Kadirab was received at the airport by Court Minister Amer Khammash and the Moroccan charge d'affaires in Amman.



Tunisian Foreign Minister Al Baji Qaid Al Sibsi, second from left, awaits his departure for home

Tuesday. On his immediate left is Foreign Ministry Secretary General Amer Shammout.

## Tunisian FM condemns raid

Habib's back in a calmer

Syria has rejected Israeli dem-

missiles installed in the Bekaa Val-

ley in east Lebanon at the end of

April and after Israeli planes shot

down two Syrian helicopters

There was no clue whether the

Mr. Habib's efforts to resolve the

missile crisis or the life expectancy

of the new ceasefire in Lehanon.

ait, Saudi Arabia and Syria last

night concluded two days of talks

with Lehanese leaders and Arah

League Secretary General Chadli

Klibi after planning two further

meetings in Saudi Arabia and

demand by Syria and the leftist

Lebanese parties that the right-

wing Falangists should publicly

renounce ties with Israel.

The key point of the talks was a

The foreign ministers of Kuw-

AMMAN, June 9 (Petra) — Tunisian Foreign Minister Al Baji Qaid Al Sihsi today voiced his country's condemnation of Sunday's flagrant Israeli attack on Iraq.

He called on the Arah states to join forces and confront the enemy's arrogance and continued acts of aggression against the Arah Nation.

The Tunisian minister was speaking shortly before departing for home at the conclusion of his

BEIRUT, June 9 (Agencies) - .

Habib arrived here today on a

second tour aimed at averting a

Syrian-Israeli conflict over Leb-

observe a "ceasefire on all Leb-

anese territory." After the ann-

ouncement, most guns fell silent in

the country's three current trouble

spots-Beirut, the eastern Leb-

anese city of Zahle and Lehanon's

Mr. Habib went from Beirut

International Airport to the pre-

sidential palace in Barbda, where

he spent two and one-half hours in

meetings with President Elias

Sarkis and Foreign Minister Fuad

Butros. Mr. Habib was ace-

ompanied by Mr. Morris Draper,

the State Department's und-

ersecretary for Middle Eastern

affairs, and hy Mr. John Gunther Dean, the U.S. ambassador in

tements before or after the mee-

would be, although Syria and Isr-

ael were considered possibilities.

weeks shuttling between Leb-

anon, Syria, Israel and Saudi Ara-

hia in an attempt to defuse the

Lebanese missile crisis.

central mountains.

Lebanon.

of Beirut.

Mr. Habib arrived in Lebanon

Mr. Sibsi had conveyed a message to His Maj-

U.S. Middle East envoy Philip ands to withdraw anti-aircraft

one day after Arab League med- air attack Israel mounted against

iators announced that Lebanon's the Iraqi nuclear reactor near

warring factions had agreed to Baghdad on Sunday would affect

Lebanon.

esty King Hussein from Tunisian President Habib Bourguiba on Arah affai.s and Jordanian-Tunisian relations. The minister also met with His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, Prime Minister Mudar Badran and other officials.

The visit resulted in the signing yesterday of three agreements on hilateral cooperation in the cultural, economic and trade fields, Mr. Sihsi expressed his appreciation for the hospitality accorded him and his delegation during the visit and expressed hope that hilateral cooperation will be promoted further.

angist militia commander Beshir

Gemayel had refused to issue any

statement renouncing links with

Israel, a principal source of arms

for his forces, in the absence of a

general plan guaranteeing rightist

The independent daily Al

Nahar said the Falangists were

seeking a regulation of the armed

Palestinian presence in Lebanon

as well as the deployment of the

Lebanese army in several con-

Lebanon's Butros told rep-

orters the committee had made a

good start and added: "We hope

as a result of what we have done so

far that we have prepared the nec-

essary atmosphere enabling us to

continue our work with prospects

of reaching positive results."

tested areas of the country.

## Israel condemned worldwide

# U.N., Arab League

## to meet over air raid

UNITED NATIONS, New York, June 9 (Agencies) — The U.N. Security Council and the Arab League foreign ministers are to meet to consider Sunday's Israeli attack on a nuclear plant near Baghdad--though, in one case, not as soon as Iraq had asked.

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1:50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

The Security Council will defer ate throughout the weekend is until Friday formal consideration of the Israeli attack, which Iraq had asked that it debate immediately, a U.N. spokesman said

The spokesman said Iraq, which last night requested the dehate, did not object to the delay. It will permit foreign ministers of the Arah League to consider the situation before the Security Council takes it up.

They are due to meet in Baghdad on Thursday and hear a full report by their Iraqi colleague, Dr. Sa'doun Hammadi, on Sunday's attack on the \$275-million

French-huilt facility.
Dr. Hammadi plans to come to New York to present charges to the council that Israel committed "premeditated aggression." Deb-

Hafez Al Assad today but no details were immediately released.

Lehanese newspapers said the acid test of its work so far would he whether the ceasefire held in the

Spokesman for the coalition government of President Sarkis and Prime Minister Shafiq Al Wazzan have said a standdown among the feuding factions in Lehanon would improve Mr. Habib's chances of defusing the missile crisis that pushed Israel and Syria to the brink of war in

The Saudi and Kuwaiti ministers travelled to Damascus last night with their Syrian counterpari, Mr. Abdul Halim Kha-

The committee's next meeting will be in Saudi Arabia on June 23 which will prepare for another session in Beiteddin on July 4 - shorily after the June 30 Israeli ele-

Lebanese combat areas.

April.

Mr. Habib's whereabouts last night remained a mystery, although U.S. officials said he was "somewhere on the European continent."

expected. Israel said the experimental plant could have become operational by July 1 and that a \$50-million "hot cell" complex supplied by Italy could have been used to make weapons-grade plutonium, affording Iraq the pot-

> Mr. Jacques Leprette, the chief delegate of France, was among the first members of the council to be called in today to consult on the situation with the president, Mr. Porfirio Munoz Ledo of Mexico.

Mr. Leprette was joined for the conference by Mrs. Jeane Kirknatrick and Sir Anthony Parsons, the chief delegates of the United States and Britain.

ential to produce its own atomic

A spokesman said Mr. Munoz Ledo would continue his private talks with members and other interested parties throughout the day. He also discussed it with Secretary General Kurt Waldheim, who telephoned from Tokyo.

Mr. Waldheim was due in Peking later today for a four-day visit, his first there in two years. His spokesman here said the secretary general would decide later whether it might be desirable to cut short the China trip to return to

New York for the council session. The Israeli warplanes that bombed the reactor included U.S.-made F-16 and F-15 fighter bombers, and they dropped "several tons' of explosives on the installation. Israeli generals said

today. No more than three persons were killed in the bombing, said the head of military intelligence. Maj. Gen. Yehoshua Saguy.

Prime Minister Menachem Begin said at the same news conference that the operation was

"risky hut logical." Mr. Begin said the target was protected by anti-aircraft guns, missiles and aircraft--"but our

pilots went in and did their joh." Mr. Begin said the attack was the operation date was finally set. He did not explain why.

Israel's air force commander, Maj. Gen. David lvry, said the raiding aircraft flew along a secret route to the target, adding: "They had pra-cticed for many months."

The aircraft used special technical equipment which Gen. lvry did not specify. He said the main problems were how to achieve the range and how to refuel the aircraft

In the actual attack ordinary bombs were used, Gen. Ivry said. He went on:

"The debriefing was very bor-

A 14-member delegation from the National Consultative Council (NCC) today left for Baghdad for a week-long state visit at the invitation of Iraqi National Council President Na'eem Haddad. NCC President Ahmad Al Tar-

awneh, beading the Jordanian delegation, said Sunday'a Israeli air attack on Iraq is an aggression against Iraq's legitimate rights, noting that Israel was able to carry out the scheme with the help of advanced U.S.-supplied armaments. Mr. Tarawneh expressed the

bope that Iraq will continue to develop its technical capabilities despite the raid. He also noted that Jordan con-

tinnes to support Iraq in its border war with Iran and its effort to safeguard Arab rights and wat-

The delegation was seen off by a number of NCC members and the Iraqi ambassador to Jordan.

ing because everything weot according to plan." But he showed correspondents a map indicating several Arab airfields from which interception could have come. Gen. Ivry told reporters that the

mission could have faced difficulties if Saudi Arabia had possessed the AWACS radar surveilance aircraft which it is seeking to buy from the United States.

Iraq's Dr. Hammadi today defended his country's nuclear programme, saying it was for peaceful purposes and subject to intemational inspection.

The official Iraqi News Agency (INA) said Dr. Hammadi called in the heads of Arah diplomatic missions in Baghdad to brief them about the air strike.

Dr. Hammadi was quoted as saying the Israeli raid would not undermine Iraqi determination to

(Continued on page 8)

## postponed several times before

## We'd consider rebuilding reactor, France claims

PARIS, June 9 (R) - France accused Israel today of violating international rules by attacking the nuclear complex being built by French technicians in Iraq, and Prime Minister Pierre Mauroy said any request to rehuild the plant would be considered.

External Relations Minister Claude Cheysson summoned Israeli Amhassador Meir Rosenne and asked for an explanation of Sunday's air attack in which one French engineer died.

A ministry spokesman said he told the ambassador that the raid was "a violation of international rules."

Mr. Rosenne later told French television that the attack would not have been necessary if Iraq had not insisted on using weapons-grade uranium at the Osirak complex outside Baghdad. Prime Minister Mauroy was asked in a radio interview if France

would accept any Iraqi request to rebuild the complex. "It is a request that we would study. As you know these problems have already weighed heavily (on the French government)," Mr.

"France wants to make its arms sales policies moral. We want to respect our pledges but we want a remforcement of controls over

nuclear power stations and we no longer want to be major arms salesmen on the international scene." Most French technicians working at the complex were due to be

brought home immediately. Only a small team of security specialists would remain, the foreign ministry said.

Mr. Mauroy said the Osirak complex had been inspected in January by the Vienna-based International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA).

The Israeli ambassador meanwhile said on television that Iraq recently refused to give the IAEA permission to visit the facility. "I would also like to question the value of any inspection by that

agency since it has granted observer status to the terrorist PLO (Palestine Liberation Organisation)," he added. The foreign ministry spokesman said Mr. Cheysson told Mr. Rosenne that President Francois Mitterrand had said several times he

hoped that, thanks to international control, the Iraqi installations would serve only civilian purposes. Destruction of the Osirak reactor has temporarily solved a dil-

emma for Mr. Mitterrand. Pre-election statements indicated he would halt the delivery of enriched uranium to Iraq but after the election the new admmistration said it would honour all contracts signed by the previous

French Socialist Party policy is to oppose nuclear cooperation with Iraq. But soon after his election, Mr. Mitterrand sent emissaries to Arab states, including Iraq, to assure leaders that signed contracts would be honoured.

government

## Beirut newspapers said Fal- ddam. They met Syrian President WHO asked to aid Gaza fishermen

Neither American nor Leb-AMMAN. June 9 (Petra) - The Committee for anese officials made any stathe Defence of Palestinian Human Rights under Israeli Occupation has appealed to the United Nattings. When the session ended, the U.S. envoys left by car for Mr. ions Food and Agriculture Organisation (FAO) to stop Israel's arbitrary measures against Arab fis-Dean's residence in nearby Yarze, hermen in the occupied Gaza Strip.

another Beirut suburh in the pine These measures are aimed at destroying the ecowoods about eight kilometres east nomic and social infrastructure of the Palestinian people in general and the Arab fishing industry in There was no indication how the Gaza Strip in particular, the committee said. long Mr. Hahib planned to stay in

The appeal was contained in a message sent to Lehanon, or where his next stop the FAO headquarters in Rome detailing Israel's attempts to roh Palestinian fishermen of their livelihoods and describing these attempts as yet ano-Last month he spent three ther form of pressure against the Palestinians to force them to abandon their homeland.

The 1,350 Palestinian fishermen in the Gaza Strip, with their 563 fishing boats, are the targets of Israeli arbitrary measures, the message said.

It cited cases in which the Israeli occupation authorities confiscated or impounded Arab fishing licences or limited fishing hours as well as limiting the fishing zones near the Gaza coast in a way to hinder Arah fishing operations.

In one case last May 7, the message said, the Israelis suspended the licences of eight fishing boars in Gaza, another at Rafah and two at Khanyunis on the pretext that the fishermen were operating in a prohibited area. Measures introduced by the occupation authorities on May 18 have restricted fishing off the Gaza Strip drastically, the statement

chairman, Mr. Abdul Jawad Saleh, called on the FAO to take action and stop the Israeli measures, which run contrary to international principles and the Geneva Convention.

AVIV, June 9 (R) - Israel's attack on an i nuclear plant brought general acclaim e Israeli press today and looked likely to ride a further boost for the election chaof Prime Minister Menachem Begin.

one Israeli newspaper reactor condemned Sunday's air attack Osirak nuclear reactor near Baghdad. Even left-wing, antiment papers confined themselves to expressing a few doubts

e prominence was given to Mr. Begin's emotional radio intlast night in which he said the plant had been destroyed e it would have been used to make atomic bombs to drop on

Israeli leader said Iraqi President Saddam Hussein "would not esitated to drop these bombs on our population and he could estroyed our country."

A a general election now three weeks away no opposition an seemed keen to challenge this line of thinking. Labour eader Shimon Peres, whose hopes of becoming prime minister stely dwindled sharply, contented himself with praising the air and withholding comment on the merits of the operation. Peres told reporters he did not want to engage in controversy me when Israel was facing heavy criticism from the outside

government's decision to attack the Iraqi nuclear plant was last October despite sharp opposition within the cabinet by a misters, the largest process monted today.

Some newspapers said the raid was first suggested by Agriculture Minister Ariel Sharon, known as a hardliner on Middle East issues. He threatened to resign when there was a delay in taking the dec-

Burg and Education Minister Zevulon Hammer were against staging the raid, the papers said. Government officials declined to comment on the newspaper rep-

The independent daily Haaretz, in an editorial titled "Defence Achievement Plus a Dangerous Precedent," said: "The plant's destruction will undoubtedly ease this security risk to

"We must face up to the dangerous precedent it set and that it could be used by our enemies as a justification for future actions

bring about a change in the policies of the nuclear powers." "The timing of the attack, less than a month before Israel's elections, will inevitably raise questions at home, but especially abr-

and Al Hamishmar, said no Israeli doubted that the Iraqi olant was designed to produce a bomh to be used against Israel. But both papers asked whether the timing of the raid was oot

campaign abroad to explain the potential danger that the Iraqi reactor presented to Israel.

of strong foreign hostility. Opposition politicians were acutely aware of this as they heard Mr. Begin tell his radio audience last night: "We do not fear any world reaction."

criticism when he reported on the attack to the Knesset Foreign Affairs and Defence Committee. Committee chairman Moshe Arens, a strong Begin supporter, told

been preparing a nuclear reactor to produce nuclear bombs for use against Israel. I think all Israeli citizens will breathe a sigh of relief." Asked about foreign criticism, Mr. Arens replied: "I think the population of the worlo will find they have been done a service."

The Iraqi operation came at a time when Mr. Begin's stock was rising strongly in the opinion polls. The anti-nuclear attack overshadowed the six-week-old Lebanese missile crisis which in turn had smothered dehate about Israel's dire economic straits.

Foreign diplomats specialising in political affairs generally agreed the Iraqi attack would strengthen Mr. Begin's chances of returning to power for a further four-year term.

electoral thrust in his address last night when he praised former prime minister Yitzhak Rahin, Mr. Peres's arch-rival for leadership of the Labour Party, for applauding the Iraqi operation. The remark seemed calculated to further weaken the Labour

Party's already fragile unity. At the Knesset committee meeting Mr. Begin brushed aside one Labour member who suggested the election might have influenced the timing of the raid. Officials said Mr. Begin asked the member: "Would you have said that if the raid failed?

The message, issued here by the committee's

# Begin's political stock soars as Israelis acclaim riad

ision, the papers added. Deputy Prime Minister Yigael Yadin. Interior Minister Yosef

us. But it will also increase the anti-Israel climate in the international community...

against us." The English-language Jerusalem Post said the "real question is whether the Israeli action will produce the necessary shock effect to

oad...," the Post added. The two main newspapers of the opposition Labour Party. Davar

motivated to some extent by the approaching elections. They called on the government to launch an intensive information Traditionally, Israelis tend to rally around a government at times

A spokesman for Mr. Begin said he encountered virtually no

reporters afterwards: "Israel had no choice. Iraq had for some time

Commentators noted that Mr. Begin had been unable to resist one

## NATIONAL

# Badran calls for greater strength to spur development

ZARQA, June 9 (Petra) - Addressing the cabinet session held in Zarqa today, Prime Minister Mudar Badran called for a launching of the forces of rejuvenation, innovation and creativity in order to implement development projects, develop local communities in Jordan and provide essential services to the cit-

Prime Minister Badran said the meeting was the beginning of similar ones which will be beld in the various governorates and districts of the response of the local ins- asset in this country."

titutions to the aspirations and ambitions of citizens.

He also affirmed the significance of strengthening high ethical standards and genuine affiliation with the homeland, as well to discuss their conditions and as devotion to public service, becneeds and to determine the extent ause the "individual is our real

Mr. Badran said that Jordan pays maximum attention to education and it is currently witnessing a great expansion in the field of university education which will achieve self-sufficiency in the next few years, now that the Yarmouk University is operating at full capacity and preparations for the opening of Murtah University in the south have been completed.

During the meeting, the cabinet discussed proposals submitted by the mayor of Zarga and the president of the Chamber of Commerce on several projects in the district. Discussion also dealt with working papers submitted by the municipalities of the district on health and education, water supply, electricity and roads in the dis-

The prime minister promised to study these papers and to implement those requests, whose imp-

lementation is possible.

An open dialogue then took place between the prime minister. other ministers, officials and citizens in the district on matters related to public services for the district's citizens, particularly in distant rural areas.

At the end of the session the cabinet decided to form a follow-

up committee to implement development projects in the district. The committee is made up of the district governor, members of the National Consultative Council from the district, the mayor of Zarga and the president of the Chamber of Commerce.

The cabinet also decided to construct a building to house the various courts in the district. It also decided to contribute JD 25,000 to the Municipality of Zarqa, JD 25,000 to other municipalities, JD 20,000 to social welfare societies and JD 10,000 to sports clubs.

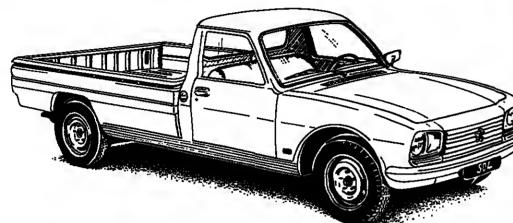
Prime Minister Badran pointed out that the government has allocated several plots of land for the construction of hospitals, schools, charitable societies, parks, government departments and public utilities. He said that the government will soon draw up a plan for a topographical and geological survey of the area in the next two

The prime minister affirmed the need for providing health services to all citizens. He said medicines are available in Jordan and their prices cannot be increased except by the approval of a committee formed by the Ministry of Health of this purpose.

The cabinet gathers at Zarqa Tuesday. Seen from right are: Minister of Agriculture Mrawan Dudin, Minister of Finance Salem Masa'deh, Prime Minister Mudar Badran, Minister of Communications

cation Sa'id Al Tai, Minister of the hi eiman Arar, and Minister of Munic

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### **WHAT'S GOING ON**

#### **Exhibitions**

- \* Painting exhibition by Iraqi artist Hasid Hasan, at the Holiday Inn hotel in Amman.
- \* Painting exhibition by Omar Hamdan and Ayyad Al Nemer, at Alia Art Gallery in Shmeisani.
- \* The Age of Shakespeare exhibition, at the Alcazar Hotel in

#### Lecture

" "Now Dig This" -- an introduction to modern architecture, by Dr. Malcolm Quantrill, R.I.B.A., professor of Architecture of the University of Jordan, will be given at the British Council in Jabal

#### Videotape Programme

\* "Les aventures de Tintin"; L'ile noire" and "Actualites d'avril 81" a programme which will be presented at the French Cultural







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The Authority announces the availability of the Tender Documents of the Tender for the supply of workshop equipment for the Transmission and Distribution workshop in Zerga as from sunday 7/6/1981.

The specialized companies in this field can obtain the Tender Document from one of the following two addresses. Jordan Electricity Authority.

Procurement & Contracts Departments Building. Jabel Amman - 5 th circle. Orthodex Club Road.

Presce Cardew & Rider. Consulting Engineers. Paston House. 165/167 Preston Rd. Brighton BN 1 - 6 AF. Sussex England.

At a non refundable amount of Jd 30 in Amman or £ 43 in England for one set of 3 copies and drawings.

The last date of Submission of Tender to the Jordan Electricity Authority offices - 5 th Circle / Jabel Amman is 12 o'clock noon on Monday 20/7/1981 and Submitted to the secretary of the Tenders Committee.

All offers should include a bid bond of 2% of tendesprice in favour of Jordan Electricity Authority.

Any offer does not include this bond or received after ng date shall not be considered.

The Jordan Electricity Authority does not billid itself to accept the Lowest or any tender, nor will it be responsible for any costs incurred by tenderers in preparing their tender.

### **PUBLIC LECTURE AT** THE BRITISH COUNCIL

Opposite Al Ra'i Newspaper, Amman.

## Jabai Amman

Wednesday, June 10, at 8 p.m. "NOW DIG THIS!" an introduction to t archaeology of modern architecture. An illustrated Lecture by Dr. Malcolm Qu R.I.B.A., Professor of Architecture at t versity of Jordan and Deputy Editor of ernational.

## **FURNISHED APARTMENTS** FOR RENT

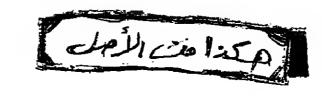
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For information call: Tel. 4



## Nelefugee camp doctor hands out

## panacea to cure body and soul

Phyllis Hughes to the Jordan Times

In an Mater is a docis also a marriage guihansellor, psychiatrist, mother, and social worshe starts her elevenday at her clinic in Ba'qa refcamp northwest of Amman. panacea she hands out is her-

ne finds that many of her patla - 60 per cent of whom are it is then, 30 per cent children and haber-cent men -- really want law cone to discuss their problems

> ese problems range from the emotional ups and downs rienced by teenagers to wor-about a forthcoming wedding perhaps, the more concrete ern about being unable-to

They come to me with all sorts ackaches, irritable colons and rtension. "Much of it is creby the situation they have found themselves in since 1967, has steadily increased until now when the camp first opened," Dr. Matar said. Apart from psychosomatic pro-

blems, she has a regular influx of patients with all types of flu, bronchitis, dysentery, typhoid, chickenpox and measles. "Once a family member catches a bug, it spreads like mad because, in their homes, which are often only two rooms, there is no possibility of solating the infected person."

Some of the complaints, such as mongol children, she had only read about in textbooks. There is a large number of mongol children born because women continue to bear children well into their 40's, if they can.

Dr. Matar did her medical training in West Germany. She then returned to Amman and worked in one of the local hospitals before deciding she would like to set up her own practice.

She heard that a female doctor was needed at Ba'qa, and last' April she opened her clinic there.

One of her greatest problems Since then the number of patients arises over her JD 1.5 fee for a consultation. Her patients then display their formidable bargaining techniques - although the price is fixed.

"Some of the people genuinely cannot afford to pay and I will treat them for nothing if the case is urgent. But often they will go and buy drugs direct from the pharmacist to treat their complaint in order to save the consultation fee.

she has 250 new (patients every

of a hospital, she was amazed at

how much she still had to learn

about treating people whose tra-

ditions and beliefs are very strong.

whole new set of euphemisms

used by the women about dif-

ferent parts of their bodies and lis-

ten to their fears that their chi-

ldren had been born crippled bec-

ause of someone's "evil eye", rat-

her than because of a genetic pro-

been called in to settle inn-

umerable family squabbles. "On

one occasion, a mother came beg-

ging me to help out because doubt

was being cast on her daughter's

bonour. The two families involved

were very near hlows before I

could explain that the girl was

medically intact and then eve-

rything was airight."

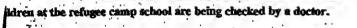
Moreover, Dr. Matar has also

For example, she had to learn a

Though a veteran of the rigours

This is potentially very dangerous because, without medical knowledge, they cannot pinpoint exactly what is wrong. I would like to see the law on the sale of drugs tightened up to prevent people harming themselves," she said.

Dr. Matar welcomes new proposals for a family planning campaign to be launched in July as she believes that many women continue to have children when it is either medically inadvisable or uneconomical for them to do so.



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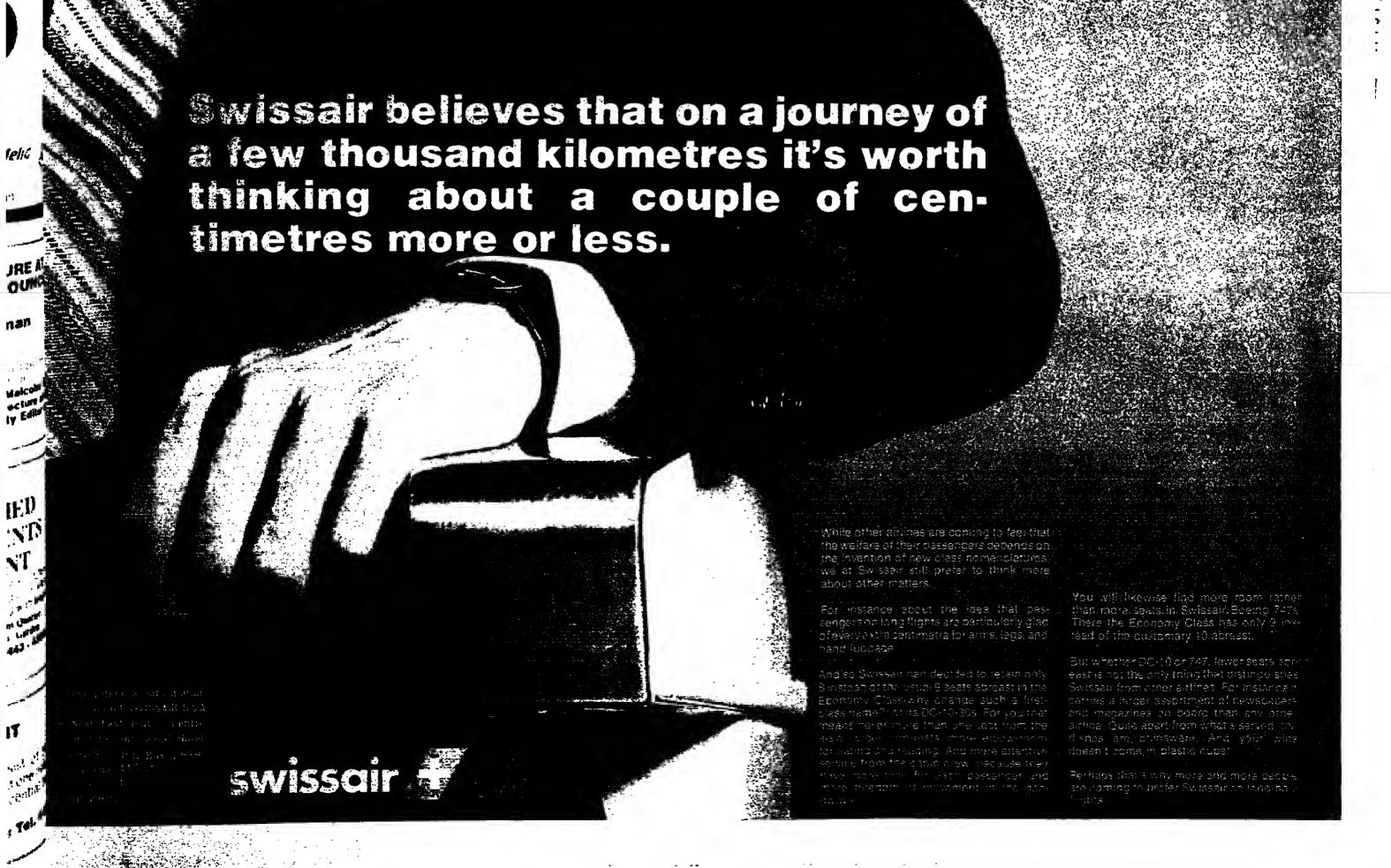
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## **Both our enemies**

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TWO MAIN conclusions should be drawn from the Israeli attack against the nuclear power plant near Baghdad: that nobody in the Middle East is safe from Israel's transnational concept of its own security, and that Israel's ability to strike at will at vital installations throughout the Arab World is the result of the deltherate American policy of maintaining Israeli military superiority in the area. As such, the Arab World is not fighting Israel alone, but rather the combined forces of Israeli ostentation and American technology. We are seeing today the fruits of so many years of American political irresponsibility and spinelessness in the face of Israeli militarism. While we have consistently warned our friends in the West that Israel was turning into a monster that could not be controlled by its American paymasters, our friends in the West preferred to recite naive lines about how Israel was a democracy that was a close ally of the West. The result of such nonchalance on the part of successive American administrations that have tried to outdo one another in providing Israel with all its desires is now hringing the entire Arab World closer to the realisation that an all-out Arah-Zionist confrontation is inevitable -- because Zionism is incompatible with the concept of peaceful socioeconomic development in the Arah World. Whatever an Arab state does, in Israeli eyes, will be viewed as a potential threat to the "security" of Israel, and Israel can always count on obtaining the most potent American armaments to destroy targets in the Arab World. What is needed badly now is an Arab response that is commensurate with the American-Israeli challenge. Without such a response, the very concept of an Arab future is fragile -- a victim of Zionism's intemperance and Washington's elemental anti-



## SCIENCE & INDUSTR

## Motorists and the radar

By Dr. Awn I

EDITOR'S NOTE: This is the first of a regular column on science, technology and industry in Jordan and the Arab World, to appear every Wednesday in the Jordan Times, Dr. Awn Rifui is a British-and American-trained electronics engineer working with the Royal Scientific Society (RSS). He obtained his B.Sc.Eng. and Ph.D. degrees from the University of London. At RSS, he contributed in establishing the Electronics Service and Training Centre. He was also a visiting scientist at Stanford University and at Massachusetts Institute of Technology in the USA. He has participated in many technical committees, conferences, and symposia, and has written many reports and publications. Dr. Rifai has held a Senior Fulbright Award, and is a member of the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers and the American Institue of Industrial Engineers.

A CURRENTLY controversial issue, involving motorists and the traffic police, is that of using radar to enforce adherence to speed limits on roads. While everybody's efforts to reduce the risks of excessive speed are appreciated, I would like to mention some of the technical points that have not been raised in this controversy. although we believe they have not been overlooked by the traffic pol-

The radar device on the traffic police patrol car transmits a signal of specified frequency and receives it after it gets reflected by the target vehicle. The detected frequency shift indicates the target's speed according to the principle of Doppler effect. If the patrol car is tracking the target while the former is moving on the road, many shortcomings are manifested in the system. However, the following comments will be restricted to the case of a stationary patrol car, since this is how the police, rather consciously, tracks the target.

The patrol car is usually stationed at the roadside and the operator determines the speeding target through a combination of observation of the traffic and the information provided by the digital readout. Thus a tracking history has to be established, since the radar device itself does not tell

the operator which vehicle it is tracking. In some systems, an autolock feature is included, whereby a threshold speed limit is set by the operator, and the device locks itself to any target exceeding this limit, tracks it, and photographs it automatically. This feature has the disadvantage that a satisfactory tracking history is bypassed, lea-ding to the possible locking on some ghost readings. The antenna beam width covering the road has to be optimised; too narrow a beam pinpoints a target but does not establish a tracking history. while too wide a beam covers many lanes and encompasses many targets. For the device to distinguish one target from another, there has to be a significant gap between the target vehicles. If multiple targets fall within the antenna beam, and/or if one target shadowing another, the device selects the strongest or the fastest return signal, leading to erroneous results. An error may also result due to the fact that the radar device measures the speed along the line connecting the antenna and the target, not along the target's path. If the angle between the two officer passing by du lines is significant, the speed displayed on the readout will be less than the real speed, to the target's advantage, or probably ultimate. benefit of being called at disadvantage considering the risk pofficer, who courteous,

calibrated regularly to remission officiale the frequency. Within the itations, the radar's sa surement is quite accura that effect, is more acei the observed speed on vehicle's own speedom

Allowance should be the variable condition road which are not take: ount in the device's sett include fog, ram, slipp darkness, and overtakir for a short distance, who eshokt radar speed has onsidered, it has been r that the patrol cars o long-run highways de light, and rarely in the or at night, thereby their effectiveness in speed laws. The abovefactors throw some dot legal aspects arising wi orist is fined for spee ertheless, the traffic the motorist a fuir deal the threshold limit fo nine kilometres an hou declared speed limit.

The significance of fines for speeding by question of slow motor allowed to get away some roads, and in ditions, minimum s should be imposed, Sk or braking inappropri be as harmful and he speeding up. The extra slowing down (actual on the road) concl comments. Many mou their cars on main roac for a nearby shop for "couple of minutes" dering the flow of traff sing many risks. They fact that the chances minutes are slim, and i comes to the worst and show up, they alway. taken. The radar device and osc- them to remove their

In response to Soviet moves in Asia

## Asia-Pacific allies to revitalise defence pac Britain,

By Barry Moody

CANBERRA: Five-nation military exercises will be held in the South China Sea and Queensland over the next two months at the initiative of Australia, which sees them as part of a response to Soviet moves in Asia.

The exercises will mark a revicalisation of the 10-year-old Five-Power Detence Arraugement (FPDA) which links Australia, New Zealand, Mal-

aysia. Singapore and Britain. But they will in fact be the first full-scale joint naval and land exereises under the arrangement. The last to involve the five nations was

the "Bersatu Padu" manoeuvre which mobilised 20,000 men in 1970, the year before FPDA was formed, and marked Britain's decision to withdraw from east of.

The exercises are a clear reaction to Soviet intervention in Afghanistan and the presence of Moscow's ally, Vietnam, in Kam-

are seen in Canberra as major threats to the interests of Australia and Southeast Asian nations.

Prime Minister Malcolm Fraser announced last September that the five nations had agreed to his suggestion to begin a series of exe-

The announcement followed a series of military measures initiated by Mr. Fraser last year in reaction to Soviet intervention in

Afghanistan. One of these measures was an increase in combined exercises with Australia's Southeast Asian neighbours. The revival of FPDA was the first evidence of this, hut Australian defence cooperation

puchea. Both these developments theast Asian nations has also been considerably boosted over the last

> The biggest sign of this so far has been a jump in the number of foreign personnel studying at Australian military colleges. Defence officials said, for example, that the number of Thai personnel studving here went from 30 in the last financial year to 90 in 1980-81

> and Filipinos from 40 to 140. In other measures in reaction to Soviet moves, Australia has granted staging facilities for American B-52 bombers and boosted defence spending hy at least 95 million dollars (\$112 million) in the last year. It also ran a successful advertising campaign which looks like reaching its target

of adding 6,000 men to the army reserve in one year instead of five.

Mr. Fraser has been one of the most implacable Western critics of the Soviet intervention in Afghanistan, which he described as probably the world's "most dangerous international crisis since World War II."

He felt Australia suffered from increased global tension but that its strategic security situation was also directly damaged by the effect of Soviet actions on the Indian Ocean, and Gulf oil routes as well as other factors. Revitalisation of FPDA seems a

response to the link Mr. Fraser sees between Soviet actions in Afgbanistan and the consolidation of Vietnam's position in Kam-

puchea.

foreign policy concern of the Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN) to which both Malaysia and Singapore belong. So, in the words of a defence ministry official here, the Australian mitiative over FPDA fell on "receptive ground" in Singapore and Kuala Lumpur:

The latter is the most serious

At the same time, revival of the quasi dormant FPDA was a subtle way of organising joint military exercises without prejudicing the sensitive Southeast Asian situation with aggressive new mil-

itary groupings. the region's resolution this would appeal particularly external threats. to Malaysia, which is anxious to

closely linked militarily with Western countries, defence analysts

illator have to be maintained and

FPDA is in fact not a strong military alliance. Its terms merely lay down that the five nations will consult on appropriate action in the event of an attack on Singapore and Malaysia.

Nevertheless, revitalisation of FPDA was a way of responding to the dangers created in the region by Vietnam's presence in Kampuchea, according to senior defence officials here. In Canberra one of the functions of the exercises is seen as a way of signalling the region's resolve in the face of

Such threats have come closer avoid the appearance of being too to Australia with the est-

ablishment of Soviet by tham from where air a be launched on this co

Defence Minister told parliament that action to strengthen d peration with its neig not a way of expandi but "a process of der significant the underlying solida. region in support of si

exests that are shared. Joint air exercises held regularly during FPDA, but the first manoeuvre for 11 enamed "Starfish 81" place off the east coast from June 23-26.

REUTER

## with other non-communist Sou-Barbara Ward: between North and South

Burbara Ward (Lady Jackson of Lodsworth) died on May 31, 1981 after a long illness. Her life enriched her entire generation, said Commonwealth Secretary-General Shridath Ramphal. In private, she had the ear of presidents, and her quiet pressure sparked many international initiatives on North-South cooperation. In public, her books and articles campaigned for a more equitable world order. Until iast year, she was president of the Intcrnational Institute for Environment and Development. This tribute to her is written by Shridath Ramphal, the Commonwealth secretary general.

EACH GENERATION produces a few individuals who, without occupying seats of power, set enrich its ethos. Barbara Ward was one such human being, whose life enriched her entire gen-

On most of the issues we confront today, Barhara Ward enlarged our understanding and deepened our commitment. Her concern and advocacy raised our resolve to tackle the problems of poverty, hunger, environmental degradation, population, urban squalor, resource conservation, technology, energy and water.

"The earth is a small planet," she once wrote, copsuling in that short sentence the most profound insight of both buman interdependence and human vulnerability. She combined a deep compassion for the disadvantaged, a vision of the future that man could fashion, and an acute int-

And she had extraordinary energy. She wrote a succession of books and articles, gave lectures, organised lohhies, convened meetings and petitioned those in power. She was a hridge between North and South. She was a catalyst in mitiatives

with far reaching international consequences. The titles of her books document her humanitarian impulse and global vision: Five Ideas that Change the World, India and the West, The Rich Nations and the Poor Nations, The Widening Gap, Only One Earth, The Home of Man, Progress for a Small Plane were some of them.

She was an economist, but she wrote for lavmen. She was eminently learned, but had a gift for explaining ideas and concepts in terms that could easily he understood. In 1970 she convened the Columbia Conference on International Economic Development, to advance global concern with development, unemployment, income disparities. urbanisation and the environment. A year later, at the successor conference on environment and development, she helped to make the world aware that soil erosion, deforestation and desalinisation should he controlled as much as industrial pol-

In the global food crisis of 1973/4, Barbara Ward put her energy into mobilising support for a more purposeful approach to the prevention of hunger. She organised a meeting of influential figures just before the World Food Conference in Rome, and the creation of the International Fund for Agricultural Development owed much to her

pioneering efforts. The illness that was to dog her last years struck her in the mid 1970's, hut between spells in hos-

pital beds, sbe continued her life's work. She campaigned for action to meet the crisis of urban growth; she pressed governments to set a target for ensuring that all citizens had clean water. She wrote two more books and numerous articles, and kept up contacts with countless individuals, offering advice and ideas - and above all enc-

ouragement. Throughout, her interaction with people was as important as ber public activity. She had the ear of presidents, prime ministers and pontiffs. But she also had time for the many other people working to make the world more bumane who turned to ber for advice and support.

The vision that illumined Barbara Ward's writing was part of my own inheritance long hefore I came to know her personality. Her guidance was invaluable to me and I treasured her friendship." She held no office of conventional power. Professionally, she had held a chair at Columbia Uni-

versity, New York; she had been an assistant editor of the Economist Magazine. Her power was the power of ideas, informed by a passionate concern for man's welfare, and abi-

ding faith in man's nobler instincts. In addressing global problems, in particular those of development in the Third World, she stressed the interdependence of peoples and nations. In campaigning for a more equitable world order that would give the poor a fairer chance in life, she argued that this was in the mutual interest of both rich and poor - as experience with the welfare state had proved within Western nations.

But she also grounded her arguments in morality. In one of her early books, written for a Western public, she wrote: "The equality of men which is such a driving force all round the world sprang originally from the Western sense that men stand equal before the Throne of God. And if we

feel this equality of man as a profound, moral fact, can we really be content to see men hungry, to see men die, to seemen continue in starvation and

ill-health when we have the means to help them?" When she came to a meeting of the Brandt Commission, I recall that her advice to us was: 'Stress mutual interest hetween rich and poor, but don't ignore the moral case for change.

The North-South dialogue has made scant progress, despite the most intensive global negotiations in bistory. In the affluent nations, there remains strong resistance to the call by the developing nations for changes in the unfair relationships which govern trade, finance and other aspects of economic life.

The South cannot compel the North into submission, but must convert it to acceptance of mutual interest in change. The Third World must reinforce its negotiating strengths. It must also mobilise more support in the industrialised countries.

It is here that Barbara Ward played so vital a role. Over several decades she worked unceasingly to raise Western awareness that rich and poor must join to ensure the future for all. In her death, the Third World bas lost a staunch friend

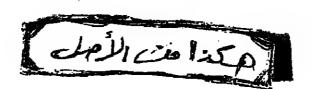
and the world one of its finest citizens. It was singularly fitting that a few months ago she should have been honoured by a major Third World nation. She was awarded India's Jawaharlai Nehru Prize for International Understanding for 1980; past winners include Presidents Tito and Nyerere, Martin Luther King and Nelson Mandela. She was too ill to travel to India to receive it. With characteristic generosity she asked that the prize money be given to an Indian leper colony which she had long supported.

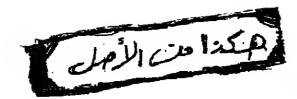
That Barbara Ward lived must justify faith for man's future.

Earthscan



Earthscan 1981 Drawing: Nikki Me





Despite repeated calls for calm from Khomeini

# Shootings, marches continue in Tehran

TEHRAN, June 9 (R) — Revolutionary guards fired warning shots today to disperse thousands of leftist "supporters of President Abol Hassan Bani-Sadr gathering for a banned protest march in central Teh-

Ao undisclosed number of peowere taken to hospital with ife wounds, hospital sources id. Our emergency aid sectioncrowded with people."

The demonstration was called the Mujahideeo-e-Khaiq, a mi-clandestine group comagainst the closure two days of six news papers, including president's newspaper, Islamic volution.

The rally was banned by the intor ministry.

\* Eyewitnesses said thousands of ople were dispersed by the rev-"... it ionary guards firing automatic apons into the air as they tried . gather outside Tehran Uni-

The guards were supported by ' zbollahis (members of the rty of God) who attacked the sident's supporters with fists and kicks

Earlier, Muslim fundamentalists shouting "Death to Bani-Sadr' marched through Tehran tearing up portraits of the Iranian president after a day of

Sporadic shooting was heard m-various sections of the capital throughout last night and in at least one incident revolutionary guards fired tear-gas grenades to disperse demonstrators.

The ban on Islamic Revolution prompted a call by the embattled president, increasingly isolated by the Muslim fundamentalist clergymen who dominate the government, for demonstrations and resistance against what he termed

an attempt to impose dictatorship. The president's defiance led Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini, supreme religious and political authority, to declare in an angry that when I feel danger towards the Islamic republic and Islam, I will not sit back and advise, I'll cut everybody's hands off."

He was using a Persian saying for removing people-from power. The g1-year-old Muslim cle-rgyman, inspiration for the Islamic revolution that toppled the late Shah, threatened to give the same

treatment to opponents of the prosecutor, the Majlis and other Demonstrators supporting Mr. Bani-Sadr, an economist who spent 15 years in Paris before the 1979 revolution, had earlier succeeded in closing part of the Tehran bazaar, higgest in the Middle

East as a gesture of solidarity with

the president. Despite the violence there were signs that Ayatollah Khomeini and other leaders of the government wished to cool tempers.

Mr. Behzad Nabavi, chief governmeot spokesman, told a news conference that there was still time to repair the strained relationship between Mr. Bani-Sadr and the government.

# Zayed denies defending Soviet's Afghan role

ABU DHABI, June 9 (R) - The President of the United Arab Emirates (UAE), Sheikh Zayed Ibn Sultan Al Nahayan, has denied having said that the Soviet Union's presence in Afghanistan was legitimate.

But Sheikh Zayed said in a statement issued to the official Emirates News Agency that Soviet forces had entered Afghanistan" in response to an official request from its existing gov-

The Paris-based weekly magazine Al-Mostakbal had quoted Sheikh Zayed as making this comment and adding: "The Soviet Union's presence whether in Afghanistan, South Yemen or Ethiopia is in line with legitimate relations with the regimes existing in



## Moroccan trade unions threaten widespread strike

RABAT, June 9 (R) — The left-wing Moroccan Trade Union Confederation Democratique du Travail (CDT), has threatened widespread strikes if the government does not withdraw recent increases basic food prices within the next week.

At a news conference last night the CDT also demanded a 50 per cent increase in salaries and a 100 per cent increase in the legal minimum wage. Mr. Nouhir Al Amaoui, secretary-general of the

union, which is allied to the main oppositioo party, Union Socialiste de Forces Populaires, said his organisation would "take all necessary measures in the event that the government stuhbornly maintains its decision."

Last Sunday the government cut hy half an 85 per cent increase in prices for basic food stuffs announced 12 days ago because of strong protests from political parties.

## Saudi chief of staff visits Washington for arms talks

WASHINGTON, June 9 (R) - Gen. Muhammad Al Saleh Al Hammad, chief of Saudi Arahia's military staff, today began an eight-day visit to the United States that is likely to include talks on modernising the Saudi armed forces.

Gen. Al Hammad met the Chairman of the U.S. Joint Chiefs of Staff, Gen. David Jones, and was later scheduled to have talks with Defence Secretary Caspar Weinberger.

Defence sources said that in addition to covering the U.S.-assisted modernisation programme, the talks were expected to include advanced surveillance planes the United States wants to sell to Saudi

The sale is opposed by Israel and some members of the U.S.

congress. U.S. military sales to Saudi Arahia are expected to total S4.4 billim

this year and \$four billion in 1982. Officials said the talks were part of a series Gen. Jones was having with military leaders of other countries. He visited Riyadh last Sep-

## Arbitration panel completed

THE HAGUE, June 9 (R) - A U.S. Iranian arbitration panel set up to decide the fate of some \$four hillion frozen Iranian assets in the U.S. today announced in a joint press release the appointment of one French and two Swedish pan-

This completes the nine-

member panel specified under the January Algiers agreement which ended the U.S. hostage drama. Justice Gunnar Lagergren, a judge of the European Court of Human rights and a member of the permanent Court of Arbitration, will be the tribunal's pre-

## Talks start in Moscow

MOSCOW, June 9 (R) - Algerian President Chadli Benjedid began talks today with Soviet President Leonid Brezhnev, TASS news agency reported. President Benjedid, the latest in a series of high-level Arah visitors to Moscow, arrived here yesterday. Mr. Brezhnev is expected to seek his public support for the idea of a new international conference on the Middle East.

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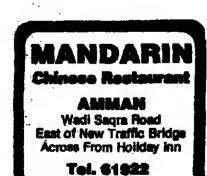
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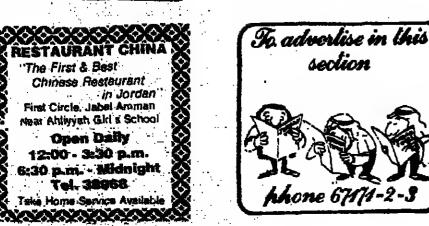


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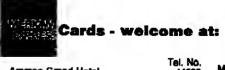
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## Gulf states agree to broaden nationals' residence rights

MANAMA. Bahrain. June 9 (R) - Nationals of six Arab Gulf states would have the same work and residence rights as each state's own citizens under a wide-ranging agreement concluded yesterday in Riyadh, the official Saudi press agency said today.

The agreement reached in Rivadh is part of plans by the six members of the new Gulf Cooperation Council to bind themselves in a grouping similar to the European Economic Community with the aim of safeguarding stability in the Gulf.

They produce a quarter of the Western world's oil and have hillions of dollars of surplus revenues but are vulnerable to internal and external threats.

The agency quoted Saudi Arabia's Finance Minister, Sheikh Mohammad Abal Khail, as saying the agreement covered joint policies on oil. investment, aid, and economic development. Customs duties would be abolished and financial and banking regulations harmonised with the aim of creating a common Gulf eurrency.

Sheikh Mohammad said joint economic projects would be set up to avoid destructive competicion among Gulf states. Transport and communications schemes would be encouraged. Each country would give all Gulf nationals the same work and residence rights as its own citizens.

## U.S. to sell Soviets more grain

LONDON. June 9 (A.P.) -- The United States agreed today to allow the Soviet Union to buy 6 million metric tons of American grain in the next four months, the first such sales since the lifting of the U.S. embargo, officials ann-

U.S. undersecretary of agriculture announced the agreement at the American embassy here after a day and a half of talks with Soviet officials led by deputy Foreign Trade Minister Boris Goo-

Under the agreement, the Soviess will be able to buy an additional 3 billion metric tons of wheat and 3 million metric lons of corn to be shipped before Sept. 30, the expiration date for the existing five-year agreement.

If the Soviets buy the full 6 million tons, it will bring their imports of U.S. wheat and com to 14 million tons this year.

The embargo imposed by then-President Carter in early 1980 limited Soviet purchases this vear to the minimum 8 million tons provided for under the fiveyear agreement, ruling out add-itional sales that would have been allowed under the pact after additional U.S.-Soviet consultations.

Mr. Carter ordered the embargo in reaction to the Soviet military intervention in Afghanistan.

President Reagan lifted the embargo on April 24, and consultations on further Soviet purchases began immediately. American farmers eager to expand grain sales to the Soviet Unioo had complained that they were being singled out to bear the burden of U.S. foreign policy.

This week's final round of talks was held at the Soviet Trade Mission in London.

A statement said, "with respect to additional Soviet purchases for shipment between now and Sept. 30, there was mutual agreement that without further consultations the Soviet Union could import up to six million tons of U.S. grains."

## Shifting done by foot



HAMBURG, (INP) - VW Golfs. Jettas and Sciroccos can he fitted with special equipment enabling disabled persons with short arms to drive a

An adjustable steering column can be pulled out 23 cm towards the driver. In the process, the steering wheel assumes an increasingly more vertical position. This facilitates reaching and grasping of the steering wheel for short arms. The directional signal and windscreen wiper levers on the steering column as well as the ignition lock move towards

the driver with the sterring wheel. If necessary these levers can be made longer. The hand brake is operated by an additional fool pedal. The switches for the head-lights, warning lights and heated rear window are also operated by a fool control contained in a switch console located un the left underneath the fuse box. A foot control was created for selecting gears in the automatic transmission. The foot lever on the frame tunnel serves both for changing gears as well as putting the transmission in the lock position.

India is not likely to have dif-

ficulty in raising foreign loans: it is

widely believed to be und-

erborrowed, and commercial len-

ders give India a high credit rating,

The five-year plan's overseas financing target is \$4 billion over

But even if India manages to

raise exports and gross national

product growth to the target lev-

els, and to bridge its yawning

payments gap, the country's two

most formidable obstacles to

growth seem likely to remain:

public sector domination of ind-

ustry, and rampant bureaucracy.

problems would take unflinching

conviction on the government's

part. While it is clear that gov-

To tackle these deep-seated

the next four years.

## Indian recovery boost worldwide rice output

WASHINGTON, June 9 (A.P.) - Production and trade in rice, the staple food of much of the world's population, will hit record levels in this crop year due mainly to a recovery in India, according to the U.S. department of agriculture.

India has emerged as an important country in the world rice market because of a deal under which it ships its greatly expanded exports to the Soviet Union in relurn for oil. Most uf it shipped to the Soviets earlier under earlier barter arrangements appears to have been reshipped to Vietnam or Cambodia, or both.

Indian rice exports were estimated at 550,000 tons in 1980, compared with only 19,000 in

World production in 1980-81 is expected to reach 397 million tons of paddy--threshed, unmilled rice. This would be an increase of more than 5 per cent compared with last year, when drought limited the

One sterling

One U.S. dollar

One ounce of gold

Robert Tetron an econor the U.S. foreign agricultu vice wrote that India's roco 81 million tens from last ye million accounts for most increase. Indus expended case, enjoyed better westl used slightly more fertilise

Good weather also be record crop to Indonesia has been the world's bigge orter, with import needs a ected to rise. Major suppl year were Thailand, Chi wan, Japan and the United

But bad weather hit crop in South Korea, Jay China turning South Ko the world's higgest impo

The United States is exp supply roughly I million 2.2 million that South needs, with most of the n ing from Japan, Austral iland and Burms. Ne Korea's import needs an

## LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON, June 9 (R) — Following are the buying and sellifor leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at the trading on the Loudon foreign exchange and bullion markets U.S. dollar

1.9400/15 1.2061/64 2,4010/30 2.6740/90 2.1090/1120

39,10:20 5.7100/50 1190.00/1195.00 228.00/20 5.0800/0910 5.9500/50

7.5500/25 457.00/458.00

Japanese ven Swedish crown: Norwegian cros Danish crowns U.S. dollars

Canadian dollar

West German r

Dutch guilders

Swiss francs Belgian francs

French france

Italian lire

## **LONDON STOCK MARK**

LONDON, June 9 (R) — The market closed mixed in nic activity and at 1500 the F.T. index was down 2.3 at 545.6 touched 550 at noon. Government bond showed not gains % point with sentiment helped by central government bor requirement figures and banking statistics which were bette some market estimates, dealers said.

Canadian and U.S. issues closed quietly mixed. Equity leaders traded higher this morning but rights iss ours prompted some selling interest with BP easing to 354 362 despite news it is withdrawing price support for U.K. sales and increasing price of commercial and industrial

ICI, Thorn, Vickers, Tube Investments and GEC lost 4p and 6p but Blue Circle, Distillers and Unilever show rises of around 4p apiece.

Eagle Star was suspended, wheo trading a penny higher pending the result of the tender offer for 20.42 million m Allianz Versicherung and other insurances eased traded higher. Racal closed 4p up at 366 following the new T.V. sale contract with Tatung Co. of Taiwan.

.. 3:24

LOCAL

EXCHANGE

RATES

## Indian economy:

By David Dodwell

For the first time in two years. India counts some optimists among its economists and industrialists. Good harvests, signs of more determined government and relief from some infrastructural blockages have brought to an end two years dominated by economic drift and India's worst drought of Industrialists are encouraged by

the more liberal and pragmatic direction in which Mrs. Indira Gandhi's 18-month-old Congress government is evolving its economic policies, but they are not vet convinced that enough has been done to lift India out of its World Bank economists talk of

"unprecedented uncertainty mixed with cautious optimism. while industrialists complain of confusion - both a great impsimism of a year ago.

The failure of the 1979 monsoon triggered an economic slump

last year. The government's prudent grain storage programme insulated the country from famine, even pre-empting the need for imports.But agricultural production plummeted by 16 per cent and, in its wake, gross national product declined by more than 5 per cent.

The drought cut bydro-electric power supplies, aggravating ine-fficiencies in the thermal power sector and combined with failures in the coal sector, ports and railways to inflict serious injury on Indian industry.

At the same time India's oil bill has soared - a result of price increases, disruption of supplies from Iran and Iraq, and a loss of 3.5 million tonnes of oil from Assam after a revolt against the central government. From an estimated \$4 billion in 1979-80, oil imports for the financial year ending in March are expected to be around \$7 billion, accounting for about of the country's imports and three-quarters of its \$9 billion

Even with receot economic government to replenish food shna, head of the Delhi School of blems.

improvements, the balance of payments position seems grim. The visible trade deficit has more than doubled to \$6.6 billion, while the current account deficit, bolstered a little by an increase in remittances from workers in the Gulf States, has widened from \$850 million to \$3.4 billion.

Foreign exchange reserves, at a comfortable \$7.2 billion under a year ago, dipped to \$6 billion by March, covering less than five months' imports.

Oil imports have forced significant change in the Indian Governmeot's economic thinking. Since the areas for potential import substitution are small - confined to fertilisers, cement, edible oils and steel -- the government is for the first time facing the need for a policy of export promotion. The days of striving for a selfcontained continental economy

Domestically, prospects have nomived greatly. A good 1980 mousooo raised agricultural out- imism, the odds are that India will put by 19 per ceot, allowing the continue with what Mr. Raj Kri-

stocks and the hydro-electric stations to return to normal.

The recently announced fiveyear plan -- with S180 billion in public investment up to 1985 -clearly reflects this stronger bold, with heavy emphasis on relieving

stunted sub-optimal growth" -- at around the 3.5 per cent a year which has prevailed for the past 20

Economics, describes as "steady.

Other headaches remain: labour unrest is beginning to increase

There are plenty of signs that the Indian economy has begun to grow again, but its progress is bedevilled by the way in which the public sector dominates industry and by bureaucracy.

Between uncertainty and optimism

infrastructural problems. The policy of export promotion. hich carries with it the implications of overseas and commercial borrowing (untbinkable until this year), and a more liberal attitude to capital goods imports, bas triggered cautious policy cbanges which have generally been

welcomed by industry. Despite the emers

after a period of industrial peace in the "honeymoon" first 15 months of Mrs. Gandhi's government. Already, Bombay port has been badly hit, while workers in the public-sector industries io Bangalore have been striking for over two months.

Remittances from workers in the Gulf states are expected to fall, while debt servicing costs are expected to rise. Both will exacerbate India's balance of payments pro-

23230

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ernment economic policies are moving in the right direction, one quality they manifestly lack is conviction. Until this changes, "stunted, sub-optimal growth" is

From the Financial Times

perhaps the best one can expect.

# JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE

Khalid

Rania

Al Shahid

## **JORDAN TELEVISION**

.. Қоғал ...... Cartoons 6:10 Rainbow BJ. and the Bear Programme Preview Local Programme News in Arabic 8:30 ... Arabic series Programme on Arts .... Hawaii 5-0 News in Arabic

CHANNEL 6

CHANNEL 3

French programme News in Hebrew ...... Colnedy: "And Mother ... makes Five' ... "Collage to Let" ..... News in English ... Hawaji 5-0 **RADIO JORDAN** 

## 855 KHz, AM

| & 99    | MHz, FM                   |
|---------|---------------------------|
| 7:00    | Si <u>a</u> n on          |
| 7:01    | Moming Show               |
| 7:30    | News Bulletin             |
| 7:40    | Moming 5how               |
| 10:00 . | News Headlines            |
| 10:03   | Moming 5how               |
| 10:30   | 30 Minute Theatre         |
|         | 5 igning off              |
|         | News Headlines            |
| 12:03 _ | Pop Session               |
| 13:00 . | News Summary              |
| 13:03   | Pop Session               |
| 14:00   | News Bulletin             |
|         | Instrumentals             |
|         | Andalucia                 |
|         | Concert Hour              |
| 16:00 . | News Summary              |
|         | instrumentals             |
|         | Old Favourites            |
|         | World of Arabian Music    |
| 17:30   | Pop Session               |
| 18:00   | News Suramary             |
|         | 5tory Time                |
|         | Country Music             |
| 19:00 1 | News Desk (News Bulletin, |
| Pre     | ss Review, News Reports)  |
| 19:10   | News Reports              |
|         |                           |

20:30 Evening Show 1:00 **News Summary** 21:03 . Evening 5how . News Headlines .... Sign off

#### **BBC WORLD SERVICE** 639, 720, 1413 KHz

04:00 Newsdesk 04:30 Country Style 04:45 Financial News 04:55 Reflections 05:00 World News: 24 Hours News Summary 05:30 The Golden Age of Pop 05:45 The World Today 06:00 Newsdesk 06:30 Terry Wogan's Album Time 07:00 World News; 24 Hours News nmary 07:30 Letter from London 7:40 Book Choice 67:45 Report on Religion 68:00 World News; Reflections 08:15 Peebles' Choice 08:30 Brain of Britain 198t 09:00 World News: British Press Review 09:15 The World Today 09:30 Fmancial News 09:40 Look Ahead 09:45 America, Europe and the World 10:15 Keynotes 10:30 The Poetry of Europe 11:00 World News; News about Britain 11:15 Listening Post 11:30 Meridian 12:00 Radio Newsreel 12:15 Nature Notebook 12:25 The Farming World 12:45 Sports Round-up 13:00 World News: 24 Hours News 5ummary 13:30 Radio Theatre: Men at Arms 14:15 Report on Religion 14:30 The New Swingle Singers 15:00 Radio Newsreel 15:15 Outlook 16:00 World News: Commentary 16:15 Sarah and Company 16:45 The World Today 17:00 World News: Listening Post 17:25 One in Ten; Book Choice 17:45 5ports Round-up 18:00 World News; News about Britain 18:15 Radio Newsreel 18:30 Top Twenty 19:00 Outlook: News Summary 19:39 Stock Market Report: Look Ahead 19:45 Theme and Variations 20:00 World News; 24 Hours News 5ummary 20:30 Assignment 21:00 Network UK

21:1S Moment Musical 21:30 Jazz

for the Asking 22-60 World News; The World Today 22:25 Book Cho-

ice; Financial News 22:40 Ref-

lections 22:45 Sports Round-up 23:00 World News; Commentary 23:1S One in Ten 23:30 Top Twe-

## **VOICE OF AMERICA**

03:30 The Breakfast 5how: 66:30 News, pop music, features, lisquestions. 17:00 News teners' Roundup: reports, opinion, analyses. 17:30 Dateline 18:00 Special English: news, feature "5pace and Man." 18:30 Now Music USA 19:00 News Roundup: reports, opinion, analyses. 19:30 VOA Magazine: Americana, science. culture, letters. 20:00 Special English; oews 20:15 Music USA (Jazz) 21:00 VOA World Report 22:00 News, Correspondents' reports, backgrounf features, media comments, analyses.

## AMMAN AIRPORT

ARRIVALS:

|                 | TALS:                      |
|-----------------|----------------------------|
| 7:40            | Cairo (EA)                 |
| 8:00            | Karachi (BA)               |
| 8-45            | Cairo                      |
| 9-55            | Agaba                      |
| 9-30            | Jeddah                     |
| 9-40            | Kuwait                     |
| D-45            | Dubai, Muscat              |
| 7E              | Dubat, Muscat              |
| 7-33 .<br>10-00 | Beirut                     |
| 14-46           |                            |
| 11.46           | Abu Dhabi                  |
| 12:40<br>12:40  | Cairo (EA)                 |
| 12:00           | Bucharest, Lamaca          |
| 14.00           | (Tarom)                    |
| 14:00           | Jeddah (SV)                |
| 12:02           | Lamaca (CY)                |
| 12:32           | Kuwait (KAC)               |
| 16:30           | Cairo                      |
| 16:35           | Athens                     |
| 17:00           | Bangkok                    |
| 17:35           | Zurich (5R)                |
| 1/:35           | Copenhagen, Athens         |
| 1 /:55          | Cairo                      |
| 18:00           | London Rome, Damascus (IA] |
| 18:38           | Rome, Damascus (IA)        |
| 72:1U           | Cairo (ÈA)                 |
| 25:40<br>20-55  | Beirut (MEA)               |
| <i>2</i> 0:55   | London (BA)                |
| 23:40           | Cairo (EA)                 |
| <b>24:00</b>    | Baghdad                    |
| 01:00           | Cairo                      |

## DEPARTURES:

5:45

.. Damascus, Frankfurt (LH). 7:00 7:15 8:00 9:25 9:30 t1:0 11:30 11:30 12:20 13:00 14:25 16:20 18:50 19:00 19:10 19:20 . Cairo (EA) .... Dubai, Ras Al Khaima ...... Rawalpindi (BA)

## **EMERGENCIES**

DOCTORS: Nidal Maragha ...... 71218/842642 Abdul Aziz Abu Khalaf ... 22526/

## Tarique Hajjawi ..... 85445/86234 Adnan Al Halbouni

PHARMACIES: 23672 Al Jihadh 36730 Al 5alamb Zarga: .... Al Sha'ah

Irbid:

Wardeb

#### TAXIS: Astour

Cairo

| Beirut                      | Sultan S1998   |
|-----------------------------|--|
|                             | 5444, I  |
| Athens, Amsterdam (KLM)     | and the second s |
| Beirui                      | CULTURAL CENTRES   |
| Cairo (MEA)                 |  |
| London (BA)                 |  |
| 0 Vienna, N. York, Houston  | American Centre 41520  |
| 0 Athens                    | British Council 36147-8  |
|                             | French Cultural Centre 37009   |
| Cairo                       | Goethe Institute 41993   |
| 0 . Athens. Copenhagen (5K) | Soviet Cultural Centre 44203   |
| 0 Caīro (EA)                | Spanish Cultural Centre 24049  |
| 0 Cairo                     |  |
| 5 Larnaca, Bucharest        | Turkish Cultural Centre 39777  |
|                             | Haya Arts Centre 65195   |
| (Tarom)<br>Jeddah (SV)      | Al Hussem Youth City 67181   |
| 0Lamaca (CY)                | Y.W.C.A 41793  |
|                             | Y.W.M.A 64251  |
| 0 Kuwaii (KAC)              | Amman Municipal Library 36t11  |
| 0 Abu Dhabi                 | University of Jordan Library   |
| 0 Kuwan                     | 843555/843666  |
| 9 Bahrain, Doha             | 0433337043000  |
| 0 Dhahran                   |  |
| 5 Jeddah                    | SERVICE CLUBS  |
| 5 Baghdad                   |  |
| 0 Cairo                     | Lines Whiledelphia Clab Marine   |
| C:- 45 A                    | Lions Philadelphia Club. Meetings  |

## **CLUBS**

every second and fourth Wednesday at the Grand Palace Hotel, 1.30 p.m. Lions Amman Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 1.30

Rotary Club. Meetings every Thursday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2.00 p.m. Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meeimgs every Wednesday at the Holiday lnn. 1:30 p.m.

## MUSEUMS

Folklore Museum: Jewelry and coslumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash 14th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre, Amman. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5 p.m. Year-round, Tel. 23316
Popular Life of Jordan Museum: 100 to 150 year old items such as costumes, weapons, musical instruments, etc. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. closed Tuesdays. Tel. 37169 Has an excellent collection of the

Oal'a (Citadel Hill). Opcoing hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays 10.00 a.m. - 4.00 p.m.). Closed on Tue-

a collection of paintings, ceramics, and sculpture by contemporary Isiamic artists from most of the Muslim countries and a collection of paintings by 19th Century ori-entalist artists. Muntazah, Jabal Luweibdeh. Opening hours: 10.00 a.m. · 1.30 p.m. and 3.30 p.m. · 6.00 p.m. Closed on Tuesdays Tel. 30128.

sdays.

Jordan National Gallery: Contains

## **PRAYER TIMES**

| Saudi riyal      | 98.6/9 |
|------------------|--------|
| Lehanese pound . | 79.3/7 |
| Syrian pound     |        |
| Iraqi dinar      | 723/7  |
| Kuwaiti dmar     |        |
| Egyptian pound   | 393/3  |
| Octobri minus    |        |

'Asr ..

| Iraqi dinar    | 723/7    |
|----------------|----------|
| Kuwaiti dmar   | t197/t2  |
| Egyptian pound | 393/3    |
| Qatari riyal   | 91.6/    |
| UAE dirham     | 90.9/9   |
| Omani riyal    |          |
| U.S. dollar    |          |
| U.K. sterling  | 657.2/66 |
|                |          |
|                |          |

Dutch guilder ...... 12. Swedish crown ... Belgium franc ..... Japanese ven (for every 100) ...... 14

100

2511

235

200

200

W. German mark .... 131

Swiss franc ..... 158

(for every t00) .....

ttalian lire

## USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS

Firstaid, fire, police

| Ambulance (government)     |
|----------------------------|
| Airport information (ALIA) |

Fire headquarters ... Cablegram or telegram ..... Information Jordan and Middle East trunk calls Overseas radio and satellite calls ... Telephone maintenance and repair service

## MARKET PRICES

| TOTAL COMMENT OF THE PARTY OF T | 30   | Carrois                    |
|--|------|----------------------------|
| Eggplan1 130   | 90   | Turnips                    |
| Potatoes (imported) 100  | 80   | Bananas                    |
| Marrow (small) 220   | 170  | Bananas (from makhmar)     |
| Marrow (large) t00   | 80   | Dates                      |
| Cucumber (small) 220   | t 70 |                            |
| Cucumber (large) 1 t0  | 80   | Apples (American, Japanese |
| Peas 130   | 130  | red, waxed)                |
| String beans250  | t 80 | Apples (Double Red)        |
| Potatoes (local)   | 120  | Apples (5tarken)           |
| Lettuce (head) 70  | 70   | Apples (Golden)            |
| Cauliflower180   | 140  | Oranges (Shammouti)        |
| Bell pepper 190  | t20  | Oranges (Valencia)         |
| Cabbage 70   | 70   | Oranges (Waxed)            |
| Spinach120   | 120  | Grapefruit                 |
| Onions (dry) 100   | 80   | Japenen                    |
| Onions (green)280  | 280  | Lemon                      |
| Garlic   | 150  | Cocoout (apiece)           |
|  |      |                            |
|  |      |                            |



# SPORTS NEWS BRIEFS

## Chris Evert doubtful for Wimbledon

hada SURBITON, England, June 9 (A.P.) — Chris Evert Lloyd today windrew from the Surrey grass court tennis championships becname of a troublesome knee injury. The injury puts a question hark over the American star's entry for Wimbledon, which begins " a two weeks time. Evert Lloyd was top seeded for the Surbiton lournament and has not entered for next week's women's Grand rix event at Eastbourne. Her husband John Lloyd, playing in the to 1150,000 tournament at Queen's Club, said that Chris had been tdvised to rest for a few days. She has torn tendons in her right nee and is being treated by British Davis Cup team doctor John Visit of the will wind to be seen the state of the seen t Matthews. Evert Lloyd, a two time without for what will be under up on four occasions, is a perfectionist and it is felt she will have no not play at Wimbledon if she is not fully fit. Chris will have no ompetitive grass court play before Wimbledon but hopes to train ander Dennis Raiston instead of playing at the Eastbourne toukom Inament.

### Scrappy display by the Scots

UCKLAND, New Zealand, June 9 (A.P.) - It took a lastninute intercept attempt by halfback Alan Lawson to give the ouring Scottish Rugby Team's score respectability against ... Age owly-rated Mid-Canterbury at Ashburton today. The Scots won 13-12, scoring four tries to one, but the bustling and fiery proincial side often had them rattled. In the 10 minutes of injury ime at the end of the second half, with the score 17-12 and Aid-Canterbury on attack, it looked as if the home side might rovide the upset of the tour. Then came the interception and AGE awson sprinted 60 metres to score under the posts and make the eter Dods conversion a formality. Dods had had an unhappy day rith his kicking earlier. Mid-Canterbury used the up-and-under ) good effect and Scottish coach Jim Telfer will not be happy with he scrappy display by his team before the first test on Saturday. 4544.5

#### Jeff Chandler on drug charge

HILADELPHIA, June 9 (R) - Jeff Chandler, the World Boxig Association (WBA) bantamweight champion, appeared on rug-possession charges in the municipal court here today. Police iid that Chandler, 24, was arrested when four packets believed to ontain cocaine fell out of his wallet as he produced his driver's cence after being stopped by police for a traffic violation here st night. He was charged with "knowingly and intentionally ossessing a controlled substance." Judge Francis Cadran relused the boxer on his own recognisance for a hearing on July 16.

### soviets visit for table tennis tournament

ARMMAN, June 9 (Petra) — The Soviet national table tennis team Arrived here today for a visit to Jordan expected to last several ys. During the visit the team will play several matches against e Jordanian national table tennis team at Al Hussein Youth ty. The team's visit is at the invitation of the Jordanian Table nnis Federation and is the result of a sports exchange proamme between Jordan and the Soviet Union.

## OREN BRIDGE

CHARLES H. GOREN 1961 by Chicago Tribune

Comment.

-As South, vulnerable,

hold: 63 ♥KJ53 ♦J83 **◆9**3 hidding has proceeded: South West North Pass Pass Dble.

I V Pass 3 V

t do you bid now? You haven't much of a I, and partner's jump toe hearts wasn't forcing. ertheless, hy first doubl--and then jump raising suit despite the fact

you could have nothing. ner has shown a hand h about 20 points in supof hearts. With your six ts, you ahould have no ms about continuing on ıme. 🐺

-Neither vulnerable, as h you hold: .. 13982 ♥K63 OAQ2 47 hidding has proceeded. h West North East Pass 2 0 Pass

t do you bid now? Once partner has made a ver-one response, show-O points or better, you id insist on game, and possibilities are very it. Start off with a jump of your own suitnditionally forcing here. nuction should allow you 10w your diamond supat your next turn.

As South, vulnerable, 93 VAK7654 0 Q2 46 pidding has proceeded: West North East Pass I + Pass

do you bid now? You have to decide beo rebidding your sixsuit or aupporting partsuit. With only three. es, we would have ed rebidding your suit. t is dangerous to supgood four card support tner might pass two a thinking the hand is a when, in fact, your will make an excellent ay. Bid two spades.

Q.4-Both vulnerable, as South you hold: **♦**AQ10754 ♥J ♦AJ53 **♦**92 The bidding has proceeded: West North East South Pass .1 NT Pass 3 4

Pass 4 4 Pass ?

What do you bid now?

A .- Slam ia a distinct possibility, but it would be wrong of you to commit the hand to a twelve-trick contract nnilaterally, either directly or via Blackwoodyou could have two fast losers in clubs. Just carry on bidding what you have. Cuebid five diamonds to see what affect that has on your part-

Q.5-As South, vulnerable, you bold: **↑**A10875 ♥A2 ♦Q10983 **↑**6 The bidding has proceeded: South West North East Pass Pass 1 ♦ Pass

What do you bid now? A .- You passed a hand that you might well have opened, and now your fit with partner has made the hand even stronger. The only way to draw partner's attention to your holding is to make a jump shift. Bid two spades.

Even by a passed hand, that is forcing for one round. And it tends to show a fit for partner'a suit.

O.6-East-West vulnerable, as South you hold: +AK8 ♥K10943 ♦K #AJ98 The bidding has proceeded: South West North East I Pass 2 Pass 3 4 Pass 3 NT Pass

What do you bid now?

A .- Partner's acceptance of your game try by bidding three no trump shows that most of his values are in spades and diamonds. His failure to support hearts for a second time, either at the three or four level, atrongly suggests that he has only weak, three-card support. With your all round values, it will probably be easier to make nine tricks in no trump than ten tricks in hearts. Therefore, pass.

## Sepp Maier in a new role



MUNICH (INP) - In Munich, a film has just been made about the humorist Karl Valentin which is to be shown on TV - a film about a real Munich character who was not prepared to be used for Nazi propaganda purposes before the war,

The lead in this TV film was played by Sepp Maier (photo), the former goalkeeper of the German national soccer team -- a member of the World Cup winning side in 1974 as well as European Championship and runners-up in the European Championship teams - whose successful career came to an end in July 1979 following a car accident.

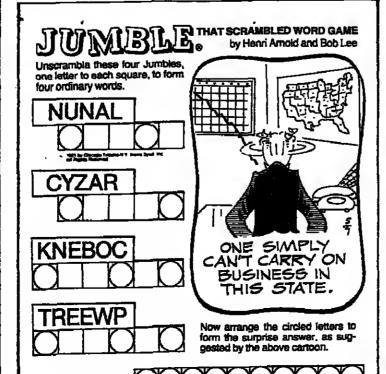
Maier played 95 times for the national side and 473 national league games for his club Bayern Munich. His sense of humour and his pranks made sure that he was able to assist his team in overeoming difficulties and also resulted in him appearing on television with his sketches, which in certain scenes were very reminiscent of Karl Valentin, where his popularity grew even further.

## **Atkinson joins United**

MANCHESTER, England, June 9 (R) - Ron Atkinson, manager of West Bromwich, today signed a three-year contrtact to manage their first division soccer rivals, Manchester United. West Bromwich finsihed fourth in the season which ended last month. Manchester United despite a final flourish, took only eighth place and dismissed their manager Dave

Atkinson said today that the challenge of taking charge at Manchester was 'impossible to resist.' West Bromwich had resisted the switch until they had agreed a sum in compensation for losing Atkinson's services. Yesterday they threatened legal action. Atkinson, an extrovert champagnedrinking type, presents an image somewhat like that of John Bond, who took over United's neighbours, Manachester City last season. Their success in reaching the final of England's Football Association (F.A) Cup is believed to have made Manchester United directors unhappy with the lack of success, as well as style, which their club projected.





Jumbles: ALIVE DIZZY FLORAL BANISH

Answer: What the bachelor's last words were-

(Answers Monday)

Answer here:

## **Dupre beaten by Pfister**

LONDON, June 9 | A.P.) — Hank Pfister defeated Pat Dupre 7-6, 7-5 today in an all-American duel and caused the first upset in the \$150,000 Stella Artois grass courts tennis tournament at London's Queen's Club. Dupre, whose big service makes him a potential threat in event on grass courts is seeded No. 14. The stars were in search of a first prize of \$20,000 and some badly-needed tournament practise on the fast, skidding English grass before Wimbledon starts in two weeks time. Dupre, a semifinalist at Wimbledon two years ago, led Pfister in each set, 4-2 in

the first and 4-1 in the second. At 5-3 in the second be had two set points, but Pfister saved them with looping service returns that landed on Dupre's baseline. Top seeds John McEnroe and Roscoe Tanner-the losing Wimbledon finalists of the last two years-were not scheduled to go into action until tomorrow. Many players were competing on grass for the first time this year and trying to get used to the shallow bounce. Another seed defeated was the No. 15, Chris Lewis of New Zealand. John Fitzgerald of Australia beat him

### Rejects hope to play for England

LONDON, June 9 (R) -Barbadian-born Roland Butcher may have hit himself hack into the reckoning for England when he hustled to an unbeaten 106 for Middlesex against Somerset yesterday. Another England reject, Clive Radley, helped him put on 146 for the third wicket. Radley went for 87 but when Middlesex declared - 59 behind- Butcher had hin three sixes and 11 fours in 174 lively minutes. A third discarded test star, Australian Jeff Thomson, took two quick Somerset wickets.

New Zealanders were in the

runs at Derby and Swansea, Geoff Howarth's 77 helped Surrey to a second innings 264 for seven against Glamorgan at Swansea. In Derby John Wright's 75 enabled Derbyshire to declare against Warwickshire.

At Hove, the cosmopolitan Sussex pace platoon, cut down Lancashire. Pakistan's 1mran Khan, South African Garth le Roux and ex-England Geoff Arnold took three wickets a piece -- and lc Roux was awarded his county cap. Lancashire ended the day a mere 275 behind with last man in.

## **Peanuts**

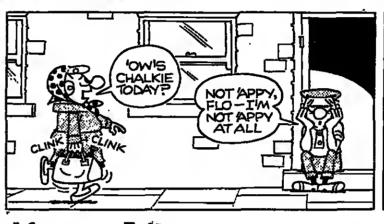








## Andy Capp







## Mutt 'n' Jeff



28 Repudiate 31 Lead —'s

32 Jabber



26 Roman

magistrate 27 Ona that

28 Have the

29 - sides

every-

30 ln a weak

way 32 To boot

33 Squealer

36 Aficionados

37 Submarine

39 Cabattero 42 Padre

43 Bankroll

44 Utopian

47 Done

hopes

48 Growing

bunch of

plants

49 "- penny,

two a....

50 Bargain

where)





## THE Daily Crossword by William Landis

48 "Pagliacci"

50 Splitting

54 Softball

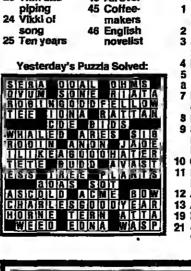
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|---|---------------|-----------------|----------------|
|   | 10 Agana'a    | 34 Miscellany   | pitch          |
|   | land          | 35 Fork         | 56 Garden      |
|   | 14 City NE of | feature         | bloomer        |
|   | Venice        | 36 Signal       | 57 Charges     |
|   | 15 Waterless  | light           | 58 "It'a a sin |
|   | 16 inside:    | 37 — Bator      | to tell"       |
|   | pref.         | 38 Sprite       | 59 Charter     |
|   | 17 Ronstadt   | 39 Fry          | 60 Small pie   |
|   | .18 Sinks     | 40 - and void   | 61 See to      |
|   | 20 Suffered   | 41 Starts       | 62 Brackish    |
|   | 22 N.H. city  | anew            | 02 5.40,00     |
|   | 23 Thin and   | 43 All over     | DOWN           |
|   | piping        | 45 Coffee-      | 1 Pacille      |
|   | 24 Vikki of   | makers          | archipela      |
|   | song          | 46 English      | 2 Norse god    |
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| - | TETEBU        |                 | 10 Classes     |
|   | ESIS TRE      |                 | 11 Price too   |
|   | alolas        |                 | low            |
|   | ASCOLD        | A CHIE BOW      | 12 Arab port   |
|   |               | GOODYEAR        | 13 Additiona   |
| 1 |               | ERNATIA         | 19 Edict       |
|   | WEEDE         | DINIA WASP      | 21 — Willie    |
|   |               |                 | Winkle         |

**ACROSS** 

1 Alone, on

stage

6 Swab



DOWN 1 Pacille archipelago 2 Norse god 3 Jenny the device 9 Script

nightingale 1 Price too 2 Arab port

4 Not adult a Carried on \$ Mondrian 3 Additional

51 Kind of type: abbr. 52 Aerie 53 Writer Zane 55 Topper or

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FORECAST FOR WEDNESDAY, JUNE 10, 1981

## YOUR DAILY from the Carroll Righter Institute

GENERAL TENDENCIES: It is possible to wind up whatever tasks you have left undone and clear the slate for future challenges. A good time to take inventory of yourself. Make plans for the future. AR1ES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Be sure to get an early atart

on regular routines so you'll have more time for important matters later on. Try to please loved one. TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Discuss with associates

what is expected of you. Try to understand the viewpoints of opponents. Be wary of outsiders. GEMINI (May 21 to June 21| You'll have to be well

organized to compete the new tasks that are facing you. Take needed health treatments. MOON CHILDREN |June 22 to July 21) Find the right

way to have more harmony at home and take the initial steps in such direction. Relax tonight. LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) A good day to enjoy yourself

with congenial persons. Try and rectify any mistakes made with the one yoo love. VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Make sure you keep ap-

pointments today. Show kindness and consideration to one of your closest friends. LIBRA |Sept. 23 to Oct. 22| Don't neglect to pay bills

that are due now. Contact a financial expert and discuss future plans. Show others you have wisdom. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Health improvement

measures ahould be taken early and then engage in personal matters that need your attention. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Study personal

matters well and know how to handle them to your satisfaction. Be more cheerful.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Gat busy taking care of routine tasks so you can engage in personal desires later. Seek the advice of a loyal friend.

AQUARIUS | Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Handle business matters early in the day. Make sure to pay your bills on time

and keep a good credit rating. PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) A new attitude toward your routine tasks can give you more satisfaction. New

alliances could mean greater success. IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY ... he or she could easily have fixed ideas, so be sure to give the right training early in life, otherwise there could be trouble instead

since there is a practical person in this chart. "The Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make. of your life is largely np to you!

of succeaa. The fields of accounting and finance are fine

## WORLD

## King Khaled given hearty welcome in United Kingdom

LONDON, June 9 (Agencies) — King Khaled Ibn Abdul Aziz of Saudi Arabia was greeted with colourful ceremony by Queen Elizabeth when he

arrived today for a three-day state visit which Britain hopes will cement good relations between the two countries.

The 67-year-old monarch flew into Gatwick airport this morning accompanied by Foreign Minister Prince Saud and Defence Minister Prince Sultan and travelled by train to London.

They were met in London by the Queen and Prince Philip and travelled to Buckingham Palace in horse-drawn carriages escorted by the royal hnusehold cavalry in ceremonial regalia.

King Khaled and his party are staying at Buckingham Palace until the visit ends on Friday. Police said security for the

king's visit, one of bis rare trips outside the Middle East, was tight. The station in central London was tightly guarded by armed policemen when King Khaled and his

entourage arrived. Police marksmen were posted on rooftops at the airport and around the visitnrs' terminal in one of the biggest security operations ever mounted bere. This followed reports that terrorists planned an attack on King Khaled while he is in London. A Scotland Yard spokesman admitted the threat was "real and serious."

Also on band to greet the Saudi ruler as he embarked from the royal train were Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher and Foreign

Secretary Lord Carrington. British officials say they hope King Khaled's stay will fully restore relations between the two countries which were soured last year by a British television documentary film about the execution nf a Saudi princess for adultery.

The Saudi royal family were deeply offended by the film, "Death of a Princess," and Britain formally apologised for its screening.

Since then Britain has taken care to improve relations and this week British Broadcasting Corporation postponed the screening



King Khaled will confer tnmorrow with Prime Minister Mar-

of another controversial film

based on Harold Robins' novel

"The Pirate," a steamy portraval of love and life in the deserts of the

garet Thatcher who was warmly received on a visit to Saudi Arabia The government and British

businessmen are keen to consolidate political and trade links between the two countries, but officials say no contracts are expected to he signed during the visit.

As is customary on a state visit, the king will attend mainly ceremonial functions, including a



banquet given by Queen Eli-

zabeth at Buckingham Palace ton-

## Reagan meets Portillo, confers at Camp David

WASHINGTON, June 9 (Agencies) — U.S. President Ronald Reagan and Mexican President Jose Lopez Portillo conferred at Camp David yesterday, after Mr. Reagan welcomed visitor to Washington with a pledge of "the closest consultations.

President Reagan and President Lopez Portillo agreed to draft a plan for long-range economic development in the caribhean and central America, the White House

A senior official with the two



leaders said both were enthusiastic about the proposal aithough details such as projects and funding for economic development had not been decided.

The official said Mr. Lopez Portillo had offered to discuss the plan with all countries in the region, including Cuba and Nicaragua. The U.S. has strained relations with both nations.

In turn, the official said, Mr. Reagan had welcomed the offer because Mexico had a central role to play "as interlocutor, partner

Mexico in recent years has become the world's fourth biggest oil producer, and is the United States' third biggest trading partner after Japan and the European Common

Mr. Reagan and Mr. Lopez Portillo had also outlined their differing views on the situation in El Salvador and Nicaragua, the official said. His remarks indicated they did not seek to agree on the matter.

Mexico supports leftist ins-



Lopez Portillo

urgents in El Salvador and has friendly relations with leftist-run Nicaragua, a stance opposite to that of the United States.

The official said it appeared that the development plan would take some time to draft. He said for one thing Mr. Reagan wanted Canada to join forces with the United States and Mexico

He said one programme that could have incorporated in the talks was oil sales on easy credit terms which Mexico and Venezuela had offered Caribbean and Central American countries.

ight. King Khaled, who has twice undergone open heart surgery, looked relaxed when he arrived in London, but he did not inspect the guard of honour as is usual on such

occasions. Snudi Arabia is now the eleventh largest importer in the world, and British visible exports to the kingdom have doubled since 1976 to £946 million last

## India, Pakistan agree to revive Simla Agreement

ISLAMABAD, June 9 (R) -Pakistan and India have agreed to rehuild their strained relationship and to hold more frequent consultations to prevent misunderstandings.

Official spokesmen said the accord followed a meeting of foreign ministers and senior officials from the two countries, who are attempting to revitalise the 1972 Simla Agreement which normalised relations after three wars. Spokesmen for both sides said

Pakistani Foreign Minister Agha Shahi and Indian Fnreign Minister P.V. Narasimha Rao had met in a relaxed and friendly atmosphere. This was evidence of their governments' determination to settle their differences peacefully, they

Mr. Rao, who arrived in Pakistan for a four-day visit yesterday, said in an airport statement that the two countries should bury their differences and build a new understanding based on friendship and cooperation.

Death toll could reach 3,000

## Train disaster in India could be world's worst

NEW DELHt, June 9 (R) — The death toll in the train disaster in the north Indian state of Bihar could be more than 1,000, and might even reach 3,000, two Indian officials said in separate

statements today. A Bihar State magistrate told reporters more than 1,000 people could have been killed, while the figure might even reach 3,000,

according to the Deputy Speaker of the Bihar State Assembly. Gajendra Prasad, the Press Trust of India (PTI) reported. Seven coaches of the passenger train plunged into the Bagmati River on Saturday and Indian navy divers were still recovering

bodies from the river today. The Bihar State government said 119 bodies had been recovered and the search was continuing.

Many bodies were still helieved to be trapped inside coaches submerged in the river. Opposition Member of Parliament Ram Vilas Paswan said in

Delhi that more than 2,500 passengers were on the train. Surinder Kapoor, cameraman of the international television agency Visnews, said bodies were still floating in the river when he

visited the scene this morning. He told Reuters he counted about 25 bodies near the bridge. Mr. Kapoor said the local magistrate. K.S. Shah, told him that the death tall could ant be less than 1.000.

'We could see the wreckage of one of the coaches in the river. but there was no sign of the others. Navy divers were busy trying

to get more bodies out," he said. Earlier reports by PTI said 200 people were feared dead in the

But fresh reports today quoted the Bihar deputy speaker as saying that the train was overcrowded with hundreds of people travelling on the roofs and footboards of the coaches -- not an uncommon sight in India.

The Bihar Rural Development Minister Choudhury Saladdin. returned to the state capital of Patna from the scene of the accident and corroborated Mr. Prasad's estimate that the death toll could reach 3,000. PTI said.

Mr. Saladdin said the accident was caused by the train's brakes being suddenly applied.

PTI quoted its correspondent at the site vesterday as saying the driver of the train jammed on the brakes to avoid hitting a cow on But the Indian Railway Board Chairman M.S. Gujaral, said

yesterday the train was blown into the river during a storm. A railway spokesman said the driver had survived and his account of what happened should be known soon.

Indian Prime Minister Indira Gandhi has instructed various ministries in Delhi to rush all possible assistance for rescue ope-

If the death tall is confirmed at anywhere near 3,000, it will be by far the world's worst land, sea or air transport accident.

The previous highest number of deaths in a single accident was more than 1,500 people lost when the British liner Titanic, then the largest ocean-going vessel in the world, was sunk by an iceberg in the North Atlantic in 1912.

The worst railway wreck recorded was a First World War troop train derailed near Modane, France, in 1917, killing 543 people and injuring 243. Some officials claimed that nearly twice as many

## British civil servants hold up welfare checks

LONDON, June 9 (A.P.) - Scores of government office were snot down yesterday as a result of walkouts and strikes involving Britain's 530,000 striking civil ser-

Following a hreakdown in talks, civil servants sbut down computer centres that handle social security and welfare payments for 14.4 million people for the first time since the dispute began March 9.

About 4,000 workers walked out of their jobs at the driver and vehicle licensing centre at Wales. and an estimated 1,000 turned out for a rally in Glasgow, Scotland.

Civil Service Minister Lord Soames told the House of Lords the Conservative government "deplores" the strike escalation and "will of course do all within its power to minimise the damage. and bardship which is caused individuals and the country."

A spokesman for the council of civil service unions said, "The pressure will not die out -- civil servants are too angry." The nine striking civil service

unions voted to step up their rolling-strike. campaign after talks with Lord Soames broke down last week. The mainly white-collar workers at nearly all bureaucratic levels are seeking a 15 per cent raise. The government has offered seven per cent.

Civil servants have staged almost daily selective strikes at airports and key government and military facilities since a one-day nationwide work stoppage March 9. Although the strikes have cau-

sed major flight disruptions at airports and government offices and held up £3.5 billion in tax revenues, welfare and social security offices were not affected until yes-

## Haig heads for Peking today

WASHINGTON, June 9 (R) -Secretary of State Alexander Haig leaves Wednesday for the Reagan administration's first high-level contact with China, raising issues of considerable delicacy.

For Mr. Haig's three-day visit to Peking to be a success, he and his Chinese hosts must skirt wide differences between their governments on the status of Taiwan and U.S. military sales tu the Taiwanese government, U.S. officials said.

If they succeed, the officials said, the visit will result in friendly rhetoric on both sides, fewer tiffs over Taiwan in the future and. almost certainly, an announcement that President Reagan will visit China late this year or early next.

It will not produce any dramatic agreements, they suid, par-ticularly on the matter of U.S. arms sales tu China, which are still restricted to "non-lethal" weapons and dual use (military and civilian) technology.

Mr. Haig arrives in Peking on Sunday, after a rest stop in Hung Kone. Before returning on June 26. he will stop in Manila and in Wellington to meet noncommunist foreign ministers from Southeast Asia, New Zealand and Australia.

The China stop will be the high point of the trip, providing a difficult test of Mr. Haig's diplomatic

skills. Lacking the experience with China and its leaders that his service as NATO military commander gave him in Europe. Mr. Haig may find it hard to walk a tightrope between Peking's demands and Mr. Reagan's pro-Taiwan campaign position last

### S.African students continue protests

CAPE TOWN. June 9 (R) - Pupils boycotted classes at several coloured (mixed race) schools in Cape Town and Johanneshurg today but police said the the situation was quiet.

The boycotts are a sequel to widespread student unrest last year when more than 40 people were killed, many schools were shut down and thousands of pupils

Colouted student representatives meeting in Cape Town last weekend called today's boycott to demand reinstatement of expelled pupils and an end to alleged police hrutaility.

Last year's protests centred on inequalities in the country's racially divided school system.

In Johannesburg, scene of two days of clashes with police last week, pupils at several schools refused to enter their classrooms One school in Inhannesburg

and a number in Cape Town reported a 100 per cent boycott. Others said class attendance was between 50 and 60 per cent. The latest student protest pre-

cedes by a week the fifth anniversary of the widespread violence in black townships sparked by an education protest.

Hundreds of people were killed in the violence, which started in Soweto township near Johannesburg.

Now it seems likely that there

will he no Piesporter left by the

end of August. Despite price rises

nf 50 and 60 per cent, the New

Ynrk craze runs nn unabated.

Stocks are low because of last

year's disastrous harvest, and res-

pected voices in the German wine

trade are predicting a total sell-

As the Germans struggle to

supply their export markets, other

countries are planning to invade

Germany to establish bridgeheads

on the supermarket shelves for

their wines. For Germans drink a

lot nf wine -- 24 litres per bead per

year, dnuble the 1961 figure. And

with exports up tenfold in 10 years

and production down due to the

weather, there is a gap to be filled. Eastern Europe, Italy and even

South Africa are moving into the

Germany's marketing men and

## **WORLD NEWS BRIE**

Senate to vote on Crocker nomina

WASHINGTON, June 9 (A.P.) — After five weeks tactics, U.S. Sen. Jesse Helms has agreed to a Senage confirmation of President Ronald Reagan's nominee for secretary of state for African afrairs.

After an hour and a half of manoeuvring, Senate Rich leader Howard Baker scheduled the vote on confin Chester A. Crocket as Mr. Reagan's assistant secretary

for African affairs for this afternoon. On May 4, Mr. Helms, a North Carolina Republicant mal holds on the confirmation, saying he doubted Me. would carry out President Reagan's policies.

Before the comprontise, Mr. Helms told the Senas retaining his hold on Mr. Crocker until the State Day investigated news leaks involving Mr. Crocker.

He asserted the leaks "came from Mr. Croker's of possibly from Mr. Crucker." Mr. Crocker refused to comment on the allegation, He at a news conference week before last that "I will p

comment on documents pilfored from the State Depart

The leaked documents included a memorandum Mir :

sent to Secretary of State Alexander Haig on the then a visit the South African premier Pieter Willem Botta. Mr. Helms told the Senute there had been some sum senator himself had leaked the documents to discredit I eker. Mr. Helms denied it, saying he never had the do-"Mt. Cracker had better sweep around his own door," M

## Soviet complains of bomb threats at

UNITED NATIONS, June 9 (A.P.) -- The Soviet Unix mission says that an incendiary device was placed at a sc stop in its nearby Riverdale residential complex and the similar devices had been found recently near its summer Oyster Bay.

The mission demanded that U.S. authorities "take pa efficient measures to put an end to these terrorist action

are endangering the lives of Soviet citizens." In a diplomatic note dated May 25 and issued here w

the Soviet mission said the device found in Riverdale or was within two metres of a school hus. "It was only by mere chance that human casualties and damage... were avoided." the note stated. Four days ea note said, three incendiary devices were found near

merhouse at Oyster Bay, which is on I ong Island, . In both cases, the devices were turned over to local pe mission said. It complained an "unceasing campaign c and intimidation against the (Soviet) mission and its st daily telephone calls announcing the alleged planting of the buildings, and threats emanating from the tetre anisations Omega-7 and the Jewish Defence Leagu

have recently intensified their criminal activites." The note recalled that "a similar campaign of threats intidation" preceded the explosion of a bumb at the Susion on New York's East 67th Street on Dec. 11, 1979 Soviet ambassador Oleg Troyanovyk sent a copy of th U.N. Secretary General Kurt Waldheim and asked t distributed as an official U.N. document.

## Dope charge detainee hangs him

HELSINKI, June 9 (A.P.) - An Indian seaman, détaine 16 others suspected of smuggling drugs to Finland, es suicide in his cell in Oulu, 600 kilometres north of here, to... embassy said.

The dead seaman was among 12 crew-members detailed and the Indian freighter M.S. Ratna Nandmi after cus Al Al icials found over 12 kilogrammes of marijuana and ha Wednesday.

The Soviet Unio

accused the United

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TASS news agency.

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Mrs. Thatcher told t

Commons today that I

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bed Baghdad, is braand destruction to Ar

"Billions of dolla

inspirers.

"This act of gangst

An official states

## U.N. to meet...

(Continued from page 1)

press ahead with development plans and "there is no way of going

back on this at all." Israel wanted to prevent Arab countries from achieving technological development or making industrial progress. The attack implied that no Arab country was safe from Israeli military strikes, he stated.

Dr. Hammadi said Iraq was establishing the first stage of a peaceful nuclear programme "at a time when the enemy (Israel) possesses nuclear weapons and this is known internationally."

INA said that the Iraqi foreign ministry later called in the heads of non-Arab diplomatic missions and briefed them "on the Zionist aggression and the danger it represents to peace and security in the

## World reaction

Reaction worldwide was unanimous in condemning the Israeli air strike. Even Iran, at war with Iraq for over eight months, and Syria, Baghdad's long-time ideological rival, joined the chorus

Bani-Sadr said today that the lingering Gulf war "does not deter the Muslim nation from strongly denouncing the Israeli air raid." according to the official Pars news

Syria late last night condemned tement issued in Damascus said the attack was no surprise to Syria because it had always wnrined ion now faces the choice of "to be

laboratory workers are fighting Newspapers in the Arab Gulf states were uniformly eritical of the raid, with many blaming the United States for supplying arms freely to Israel.

The United Arab Emirates

geted Iraqi plant had ( to make atomic wear A West German & istry spokesman said Bonn was "perpiexe mayed" hy the Israeli Cbinese Foreign Huang Hua today de rnid as an "aet of flagre

of a sovereign state," Peking's earlier conde the attack and the "an gsters' who launched The Indian government attack "has made a r-

accepted norms of in conduct and behavious

# Italian wine in German bottle: that's Euroblend

By Chris Foulkes

LONDON: The bottle of white wine in an English wine bar looked German to the core: a Teutonic name on the label in black letter Gothic type and a picture of jolly men in lederhosen carousing in a Rhineland tavern.

But the small print below the picture told otherwise. The wine was a Euroblend, a legal if hardly ethical mix of cheap Italian wine and German technology. This new product is pouring into Europe's wine glasses through a loopbole in Common Market labelling laws. The drink itself is about as exc-

tting as the Brussels edict that inadvertently made it possible. It is sweet, flat, insipid and no closer to nature than the ink that printed EEC Article 2(1) (d) (ii)

of Regulation No. 355/79. What is bappening is that German winemakers, desperate to fill growing world demand for their Moselles and Hocks, are importing wine from Italy, southern France, and now Greece. They are then putting it through some sophisticated viticultural hoops to produce blends designed for mass

EEC rules allow these blends to be labelled Tafelwein - German for table wine - if those words "wine from different countries of the European Community" are printed on the label. But the wine trade in Britain, Germany's biggest customer, is concerned that few customers will read the small print and that they will be misled by the overall appearance of the labels into thinking the wine is

The Euroblends are part of the German wine industry's response to rising demand and fluctuating supply. German technology has worked long and hard to beat chance. Unlike Mediterranean and southern hemisphere competitors, the German winelands are subject to the fickleness of the porthern climate. Frost, bail, excessive rain and sheer lack of sun used to mean that the good vintages came per-

haps twice a decade. German scientists have managed to control if not the weather then many of its effects on the fin-

ished product. Their advances in wine making have been exported all over the world, bringing new precision to an age-old peasant

But this year, in an almost Wagnerian cataclysm, everything has gone wrong for German wine. The Euroblends, seemingly a

smart response to a marketing problem, have backfired. For, as top London wine shipper and expert on German wines Peter Hallgarten points out: "Many Euroblends originating in Germany are so labelled that, to the uninitiated, they appear to be German wines at very low prices."

There are even allegations, strenuously denied, that wine to fill the Euroblend vats is being imported from the state vineyards of Eastern Europe. Responsible German winemakers are worried that the flurry of allegations and rebuttals will dn lasting harm to the quality image of their pro-

Then on top of the Euroblend row came the great Moselle sugar

Officials from the public prosecutor's office in the state of Rheinland-Pfalz charged last November that 1,800 growers had illegally added inverted sugar to wines and were selling the resulting brew as wine entitled to a York fashion. American wine drifar higher quality rating than it nkers have a tendency towards really merited.

Suspicions were aroused when large amounts of top-rank wines appeared on the market at rockbottnm-prices. About 10 per cent of the wine made in the Moselle between 1977 and 1979 is suspect. and has been put under official lock and key while investigations continue. Spectacular trials are

the wine trade. First came the Poully-Fuisse craze, which rocketed that minor white Burgundy to a status where, as wine merchant and analyst Peter Sichel points out, "it was a must on every self-respecting wine list in America." The price trebled

nkers have a tendency towards

fads, which, because they are pro-

sperous, numerous and ent-

husiastic, can have wild effects on

The worst weather for 20 years, the great Moselle sugar scandal, the Euroblend row - in an almost Wagnerian cataclysm, everything has gone wrong for German wine.

The next disaster was the wea-ther in 1980. Rain fell almost continually between June 16 and July ·21, causing severe damage to the

vine flowers.

The resulting crop was the smallest since 1962. It is half that of 1979 and, as prestige producers and shippers Demhard comment, "must he regarded as a disaster." The trouble has been com-

pounded by the quirks of New

hetween 1968 and 1972. Since, it has fallen back as wine merchants and boteliers in America have realised they can survive withnut Pouilly-Fuisse on their lists. Much the same thing happened

to Chablis. Then it was the turn of Piesporter Michelsburg from the Moselle. Perhaps because the name has a pleasant ring, America has taken this German wine to its

hard to keep their multiple wine crises under control. But what has beaten them is something not even they can fend off: the elements. 'After all, wine is an agricultural crop, not an inert commodity. And as such it is at risk just as nre Russia's grain harvest or Brazil's

German home market.

**News Features** 

of disapproval. Iranian President Abol Hassan

the air raid as "an act full of hatred," and a foreign ministry staabout Israel's intentions and schemes. Damascus Radio today urged Arab unity in response to the attack and said the Arab Nator not to be."

newspaper Al Wahda said that 'America planned and supported the aggression... it is unthinkable that Washington could have no connection with the Israeli raid,"

